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$1 for six months, ould write their nam ere they reside plainly MATSELL & CO., York Police Gazette, *New York City.*

GENTLEMEN PH P. TROUT announ to discharge his du Jan. 2 '56.

Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

McCRUM & DERN, Publishers and Proprietors.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,): $1,50
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Select Poetry.

MY EARLY HOME.

My early home—alas, alas!
What changes do I see?
I miss that ancient dwelling place,
And many a favorite tree,
For sixty years have rolled away,
Since I around those fields did play.

The rocks and hills, appear, as when
My early walks I took,
And gathered acorns from the hills,
And pebbles from the brook.
The pond is there, with rippling waves,
While early friends are in their graves.

And there they lie in silent sleep,
With kindred dust and bones,
While grass and weeds and bushes grow
Around their mossy stones.
No sound is there, they heed me not,
By all around forgot, forgot.

O, cruel Time, to rob me thus,
Of what I held so dear;
My early home and friends are gone,
There's none to greet me here.
And prayers and tears are all in vain,
To call those loved ones back again.

What have I left below the skies
To trust for time to come?
To brighter worlds I turn my eyes
And find my long sought home.
My early friends are gone before,
There may we meet to part no more.

Select Miscellany.

The Unsuccessful Wife-Tamer.

Mrs. Morton was a widow, a young, pretty, rich widow, when Dr. Charles Strahan made her acquaintance. She was a poor but very handsome woman when Squire Morton married her, and at his death two years after, she being the sole heir, put on her widow's weeds and pocketed her husband's gold at the same time.

Madam Rumor said that poor old Morton never enjoyed a single hour after he married her; but how should Madam Rumor know? Of one thing, however, I can give my readers reliable information. Mrs. Morton had not been a widow twelve months ere she received with seeming pleasure very decided attentions from Dr. Strahan.

Do you inquire who Dr. Strahan was? Well, he studied medicine and had the title of M. D. conferred upon him, which he took great pleasure in attaching to the end of his name with a grand flourish. But it is asserted that he never had a half dozen patients in as many years.—He was a young man of prepossessing appearance; a ready talker upon any subject, and was, in fact, first-rate company. He played the flute and sang—was a good dancer, and an excellent partner at whist; besides he had some literary reputation. He wrote poetry and two column sketches for the "Weekly Leveller," and last, though by no means least, he dressed in good taste and in the height of fashion. How he did it no one knew, but then it was no one's business.

But I must be allowed to contradict one rumor which gained considerable prevalency, to the effect that he supported himself by his literary labors; an ordinary newspaper scribbler could hardly afford Strahan's wardrobe.

Old Squire Morton had been dead but little over a year, when Dr. Strahan, despite all that gossipers could say, married the widow and her fortune. The fact was, he wanted a rich wife. As to her, she was anxious to leave her weeds and go into society again; and she could devise no readier way to accomplish these purposes than by marrying. When any one spoke to the doctor of her being a shrew, he merely remarked that he should take great pleasure in taming a shrew.

For three months they lived happily together for it was the height of the season, and between Cape May, Newport, Saratoga and the White Mountains, they were alone with each other scarce three hours out of the twenty-four; consequently it was impossible for them to disagree. But the season was soon over and they returned to their quiet home—the place of all others to study a wife or husband, there is no unnatural excitement, no fashionable Mrs. A. to undress, no profligate Mr. B.—to out do in squandering money; no one to see, to please but the 'tother half.

After a season of long continued gaiety, there necessarily follows one of extreme dullness; and when one is dull one is easily displeased. Now Mr. and Mrs. Strahan were both of them remarkably dull and as a matter of course both preferred being pleased to attempting to please; and of course both were greatly displeased.

It was their third day at home, upon which their first quarrel commenced. How it began neither could clearly tell. It is only known that Strahan expressed a desire to dine on roast beef, upon which Mrs. S. said that she abominated beef and stated her preference to roast turkey with oyster sause—Strahan considered turkey as child's food, "he'd have beef or nothing." She'd have turkey; and thus commenced the war of Strahan's. One ordered the butcher not to have fowl; the other gave strick injunctions not to have beef brought into the house; between them they were both likely to starve if they remained at home; so the doctor went to the village tavern and dined on beef, while Mrs. S. visited some of her friends and partook of turkey.

After dinner Dr. S. gave a wine supper in the room which he dignified by the name of study, a sort of variety store, in which he kept his library, a writing desk and spittoon. Here were also two glass-cases, one of which contained a giant's skeleton, hung on wires, in the other was an Egyptian Mummy. The walls were hung with curiosities of all descriptions; among them a cane from a tree which grew over the grave of Washington, a snuff box from wood of the Charter Oak, a chip from the United States frigate Constitution; minerals, shells, fossils of all kinds, specimen ears of corn, enormous sized fruit and vegetables, cases of dried insects, and jars of pickled reptiles. Stuffed birds were perched about the apartment, and voluptuous French lithographs and portraits of distinguished personages were hung promiscuously on the walls; a long reading table, arm-chairs, a prescription case, a mammoth bell-metal pestle and mortar, completed the furniture of the "Study."

During the same evening, Mrs. S. had a whist party in the parlor.

Wine held her votaries in bondage longer than cards, and Mrs. S. had dismissed her party and retired, hours before her liege lord came to his chamber; and when he did come, he found the door locked, himself without and his wife within. In vain he called to her, she could not, and would not hear; and he was compelled to find a bed elswhere, which he did muttering to himself, "I'll tame her yet." And he laid all night forming plans to bring her to submission. In the morning he asked her to walk into his study; and there seated in an arm chair, they renewed their fierce worded quarrel, during which Mrs. S. called her husband a heartless, brainless fellow, who married her for her money. To which the doctor replied by calling her a low, vulgar woman, who was only glad to marry a professional gentleman and author, to enable her to enter better society. After which she toyed with her fan, and finally pulled the bell-cord, to bring her carriage to the door.

"Where are you going?" demanded the doctor.

"To ride," replied the amiable Mrs. Strahan.

"I will go with you, please."

"But I do not please."

"Then I choose to go."

"Very well, then, you will go alone; for you cannot go with me."

"You cannot go unless I go with."

"We will see."

"Well, we will see," and the gentleman walked out of the room, locked the door, put the key into his pocket and left the house.

Mrs. S. did not set down and burst into a flood of tears, but waited patiently for the servant to return whom she had sent for the carriage. When he arrived, she told him, through the keyhole, to return the horses to the stable, and place a ladder up against the study window. The ladder was placed according to directions and a turkey, with oysters and pastry, was taken up to her. The ladder was then removed, and everything prepared for the re-appearance of her husband.

About the middle of the afternoon, the doctor returned home, stepped softly through the hall toward the study door, and peeped through the keyhole, expecting to see a striking picture of humility and contrition.

Judge of his surprise, then, when he saw Mrs. S. sitting before his long reading table, on her right his bell-metal mortar, in which was fire, and a grate over it, on which she was roasting his mammoth specimens of apples, sweet potatoes, and her turkey. Next him stood his water bath, in which she was cooking oysters, and she occasionally stirred them with his silver spatula; on the table stood one of the bottles of wine which had been left from a previous night's revelry, which the lady, for want of a campagne opener, had deprived of its neck with a wedgewood pestle, and using a four ounce graduate for a wine glass; she had cut up a campagne basket for fire-wood with an Indian tomahawk. On the left hand stood the doctor's writing desk which she had broken open, and scattered on the desk were tender missives of his earlier flames, manuscript pages of tales and sketches, unpublished odes, poems, and unpaid tailors' bills, all in a huge pile, while the lady sat reading, first a sweet love letter, then an ode on Napoleon, and so on, throwing them, page after page into the fire. Thus, the husband's brain work and wooden curiosities were mad to cook her dinner.

The doctor looked silently on as long as he could; then taking the key from his pocket, he unlocked the door, and—it was bolted upon the inside.

"Mrs. S." he shouted.

"Well, sir."

"Open the door."

"I'm busy now, and can't be disturbed!"

"Open the door or I'll burst it in."

"Do as you please, sir, but your mummy and giant skeleton are placed against the door, so be careful and do not break them."

The doctor was foiled. For a few minutes he stood and thought what course it was best to pursue. Suddenly recollecting the ladder, he hastened down the stairs and through the hall, out doors, leaving the door unlocked and the key in it. His footsteps had scarce died on the stairway, before his wife had removed both cases from the door, and drawn the bolt and stood in the entry. It was but the work of a moment to throw the remaining letters, poems and manuscripts in the fire, remove the wine and eatables, lock the door upon the outside and place the key in her pocket.

Meanwhile the doctor was raising the ladder to the window, and by the time he had placed it and ascended half its length, his wife with her favorite man servant were watching him from a lower window.

The doctor pushed up the window and jumped in, the servant jumped out of the lower window and pulled down the ladder. In an instant Strahan saw that his bird had flown, and he rushed back to the window just as the ladder reached the ground.

"Put the ladder up here again," roared the doctor from the upper window.

"Let it stay where it is," cried the wife from the lower window.

"Put it up here instantly, or I'll discharge you," bellowed the upper window.

"Let it alone and I'll double your wages," chimed in lower window.

"Do as I tell you, blockhead," yelled the doctor with rage.

"Come in the house, John," said Mrs. S., very coolly.

And John went into the house leaving the medical gentleman heaping curses upon everybody including his wife and servant John.

All night long the doctor was kept a prisoner. Just before she retired his wife put her lips to the keyhole and whispered:

"What success in taming a shrew, doctor?"

The next morning she came to the door and called,

"Doctor!"

"Madam," replied that gentleman.

"Should you like some breakfast?"

"I'm not particular."

"There is cold turkey left if you would like it."

The doctor deigned no reply, and the lady again left him alone.

During the afternoon she again tapped at his door, and called,

"Doctor!"

"Well, my dear," very humbly.

"Would you like some dinner?"

"I should."

"Will cold turkey do for you?"

"Anything, my dear."

"If I will let you out will you promise never to look me up again?"

"I will."

"And never object to my eating turkey again?"

"Never."

"And attempt to 'tame a shrew' again?"

"Never."

"Then—you—may—come—out."

And the lady unlocked and threw open the door.

To this day Dr. S. has not attempted to dictate to his wife in what she shall eat, or when she shall ride, and has never been heard to boast again of "taming a shrew."

ANECDOTE OF THE REVOLUTION.—Col. William Williams, a delegate in Congress from Connecticut, after having signed the Declaration of Independence, said to one of his companions:

"If we are defeated in our struggle for Independence, this day's work will make bad work for me. I have held a commission in the rebel army; I have written for rebel newspapers; I am the son-in-law of a rebel Governor, and now I affix my name to the rebel declaration. My sins are too great to be pardoned by our royal master; I must then be hanged."

The other gentleman answered:

"I believe my case is not so desperate, for I have had no connection with the army, nor can it be proved that heretofore I have written or done anything obnoxious to the mother country."

The immediate and promp reply was,

"Then, sir, let me tell you, you deserve to be hung."

NO DANGER OF A MUSS.—"Come here, Pompey," said a darkey to a similar specimen of animated nature, the other day, "I wants to propose you a question which hab lately discolated my understanding. Spose I marries a yaller gal, and lubs her bery much; and some day I gets sick and dies and goes to heaben, and arter a while anoder nigger cums 'long and marries my old woman, and lubs her too; now I wants to know, arter dey both die, and come to heaben, which of us is to have my wench!" Pompy stood thoughtfully for a moment, then looking Snowball in the face, and reverently shaking his head, replied:—

"My frien', if your wife and her man go to de good land, you need hab no fears, for *you* won't be dar to pick up no muss."

☞ A lady whose dress ought to last a long while; she never *wears it out.*

Blondin Crossing Niagara.

Mr. Willis in the Home Journal thus describes M. Blondin's passage over the Niagara river in the character of an Indian Chief:

"After being dressed in his flesh-colored tights, wampum apron, bead necklace, and moccasins, he came out (with his particularly uncombed sandy hair uncovered as yet by its crown of feathers,) to look a little into the arrangements for his performance. For fifteen or twenty minutes the little Tecumseh was hopping about, trying the cords which held the ropes to the stanchions, cocking the pistol which was to be fired to announce his return, giving directions for the music, binding the ligatures of his balance pole, and answering very merrily all the jokes and questions of the lookers-on.—In his motions, back and forward, he took no regular step; he simply bounded. Like a child's soap bubble, the difficulty seemed to be to get to the ground—to keep from floating away.—During all this time, of course, I had the desired opportunity for the study of his face. It was one which nineteen people out of twenty, on seeing it in a crowd, would pass over as wholly uninteresting—the twentieth and more observant man giving him a good look, as one of the most coolly determined and honestly spunky little fellows he had ever seen. The top of his skull, of course, is very high with his bump of firmness. His cheek-bones are prominent, his nose straight and with thin expanded nostrils, his lips thin and firm, his cheeks hollow and pale, and he wears a sandy moustache and imperial—*a la* Louis Napoleon. Though anything but a beauty, he is a man it is impossible not to take a fancy to. Retiring to his shanty for a minute or two, after all was arranged, his reappearance was announced by a grand utmostiana from the band, and forward came Tecumseh, with a high crown of many colored feathers on his head—not with a slow pace as would be expected from an Indian Chief, but dancing a jig all the way to the precipice. It was curious, however, that the smile on his lip; and his other signs of merriment for the many were altogether mechanical and artificial, while the closely pressed eyelid, through which his keen blue eye was hardly visible, showed the inner mind's utter absorption and concentration in the work he had to do.

The rope was drawn from shore to shore, eight hundred feet across, and two hundred and fifty feet high over the Niagara rapids—a perilous bridge for human feet to walk! I took hold of his arm as he stood trying the rope for a moment with the ball of his foot. It was like a bunch of iron-wire, wholly unimpressible.—And away he went—his moccasined feet hugging the two sides of the swaying cable, his balance-pole playing up and down, and his little figure gradually diminishing as he walked steadily on and reached the middle of the chasm where he proceeded to stand upon one leg and hold the other out at right angles. The spectators, of course, were all breathlessly silent; though I found it much more breathless to think of afterwards than to see done. He did it with such apparent ease and certainty, that it was like seeing a bird fly or a spider walk the ceiling—not to be wondered at for that kind of creature. I am inclined to think it would be more startling (better enabling one to imagine himself in the performer's place) if he were to do it in common clothes. Looking scarcely larger than a butterfly as he reached the opposite shore, Blondin remained fifteen or twenty minutes out of sight, and then the pistol was fired to announce his return. He came quickly on to the centre where he stopped to lie down at full length on the rope, and execute various postures and gymnastics; and, between this and his reaching our shore again, he made several pretended trips, as if losing his balance—the screams of the affrighted ladies at this, very comically varying the tune which was being endeavored by the band. As he came up the slant of the rope again, I saw that his lips were tightly drawn together and his features were rigidly set with the mental exertion, and it was an expression of face that would be worth painting as a type of determined will. Through all the anxiety of a spectator's suspense, I could not help admiring the little man exceedingly, and I was the first to give him a hand as he stepped on the cliff. It was a cold clammy grip that he gave me in return, and his fingers felt icy and wet. Everybody who could reach him gave him a shake of the hand on his way to the shanty, and the enthusiasm for him seemed universal.—And so ended "the show" of a human being put fearfully in peril! Mr. Blondin, I was afterwards told, has a wife and several children, and resides at Niagara, having adopted it as his theatre of performance. His professional profits amount to $10,000 a year."

☞ The following recently appeared in a Wisconsin paper: "Wanted, by a young lady, aged nineteen, of pleasing countenance, good figure, agreeable manners, general information and various accomplishments, who has studied everything from the creation to a crotchet, a situation in the family of a gentleman. She will take the head of his table, manage his household, scold his servants, nurse his babies when they arrive—check his tradesmen's bills, accompany him to the theatre, or in walking or riding, cut the leaves of his new books, sew on his buttons, warm his slippers, and generally make his miserable life happy. Apply, in the first instance, by letter, to 'Louise Caroline, Pleasant Grove,' and afterwards to Papa, upon the premises. N. B. The wedding ring is No. 4 (small.)

Curious Story of a Lost Bank-Note.

In the year 1740, one of the directors of the Bank of England, a very rich man, had occasion for £30,000, which he was to pay as the price of an estate he had just bought—to facilitate the matter, he carried the sum with him to the bank and obtained for it a bank bill. On his return home, he was suddenly called out on particular business; he threw the note carlessly on the chimney, but when he came back a few minutes afterwards to look it up, it was not to be found. No one had entered the room—he could not, therefore, suspect any person. At last, after much ineffectual search, he was persuaded that it had fallen from the chimney into the fire. The director went to acquaint his colleagues with this misfortune; and as he was known to be a perfectly honest man, he was readily believed. It was only about four-and-twenty hours from the time he had deposited his money; they thought therefore, that it would be hard to refuse his request for a second bill. He received it upon giving an obligation to restore the first bill if it should ever be found, or pay the money himself if it should ever be presented by any stranger. About thirty years afterwards (the director having been long dead, and his heirs in possession of his fortune,) an unknown person presented the bill at the bank and demanded payment. It was in vain that they mentioned to this individual the transaction by which that bill was annulled; he would not listen to it; he maintained that it had come to him from abroad and insisted upon immediate payment. The note was payable to bearer, and the thirty thousand pounds were paid him. The heirs of the director refused restitution, and the bank was obliged to sustain the loss. It was discovered afterwards that an architect, having purchased the directors house, had taken it down, in order to build another upon the same spot, had found the note in a crevice of the chimney, and made his discovery an engine for robbing the bank.—Carelessness, equal to that here recorded, is not at all uncommon, and gives the bank enormous profit, against which the loss of a mere thirty thousand pounds is but a trifle. But notes have been known to light pipes, to wrap up snuff, to be used as curl-papers; and British tars, mad with rum and prize money, have not unfrequently, in time of war, eaten them as sandwiches between bread and butter. In the forty years between the years 1792 and 1832 there were outstanding notes (presumed to have been lost or destroyed) amounting to one million three hundred and thirty odd thousand pounds; every shilling of which was clear profit to the bank.—*Household Words.*

CASE OF ACCIDENTAL HANGING.—On Wednesday, at about seven o'clock in the evening, a little child, three years of age, son of Patrick Riley, Norristown, was found suspended by the neck in the back yard of its father's dwelling, in "McCredy's Row." The *Republican* says that "the house occupied by Mr. Riley has a cellar kitchen and back yard, from which a door opens to a small yard in the rear. Beside this door is a stone wall a foot or so high; and nearly over the wall, and at the upper corner of the door, a spike had been driven, from which was suspended an old rope, which had been used by a former occupant as a clothes-line. This rope had been loosened from its opposite fastening on the fence, and the whole of it left hanging in loops from the nail, and falling within about three feet of the ground. While the mother was preparing supper above, the child was supposed to be playing below, and while the family were at supper, a neighbor had occasion to enter the kitchen, when she saw the child suspended by the neck outside the kichen door, dead. The alarm was given, and the mother rushing down found her child a corpse! Her anguish at the sight may be imagined.

"It is supposed that the little boy was standing on the wall playing with the rope, and as one of these loops pass around the neck, it stumbled and fell, strangling itself as in a case of intentional hanging. The child's feet when found were touching the ground, and it was entirely dead. Coroner Snyder held an inquest, and rendered a verdict of accidental strangulation."

KEEN SATIRE.—At a ball one evening, a plain country gentleman had engaged a pretty coquette for the next dance, but a gallant captain coming along persuaded the lady to abandon her previous engagement in favor of himself. The plain yeoman, overhearing all that had passed, with a rigid indifference moved toward a card table and sat down to play a game of whist.—The Captain, in a few minutes afterwards, stepped up to the lady to excuse himself, as he was engaged to another he had forgotten. The coquette, much chagrined, approached the whist table, in hopes to secure her first partner, and said: "I believe, Mr. B., it is time to take our positions." The old-fashioned suitor, in the act of dividing a pack for the next dealer, courteously replied, "No, madam, I mean to keep my position, when ladies shuffle, I cut."

UNWELCOME ADVICE.—The editor of a California paper thus advises a gambling correspondent of his Journal:

"Find a three story warehouse, climb along the ridgepole, discover a flat rock on a direct line from the termination, turn your moccasins up to the sun, and let yourself go—the discovery of your brains on the rock below will be conclusive and gratifying evidence that a nuisance has been abated."

What Decision Did.

In the West lived a very proud, wealthy infidel, and irreligious father, who, having one day called his family together, told them if they went to the prayer-meeting and "get religion," as he called it, he would disinherit them, and banish them from the house. The wife and children were included in the threat.

The daughter, however, continued to go to the prayer-meetings, and soon found peace in believing in Jesus. When an opportunity was afforded to make a profession, she meekly arose, and spoke of the "great change" in her heart, and of her faith in the Saviour.

The news was immediately carried to the father of the young lady. Having come home that night, she was met at the door by her father, standing with the Bible in his arms.

"Maria," said he, "I have been told that you have publicly professed to-night, that you have religion. Is that so?"

"Father," said the girl, "I love you, and I think I love the Saviour too."

Opening his Bible to a blank leaf, and pointing with his finger, he said:

"Maria, whose name is that?"

"It is my name, sir."

"Did I not tell you that I would disinherit you if you got religion?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, I must do it. You cannot come into my house." And tearing the leaf out of the Bible, "There," said he, "so do I blot your name from among my children. You can go."

She went to the house of a pious widow in the neighborhood, and heard no more from her father for three weeks. But one morning seeing her father's carriage driving up to the door, she ran out and said to the driver:

"What is the matter, James?"

"Your father is very sick, and thinks he is going to die; and he is afraid he shall go to hell for his wickedness, and the grievous wrong he has done you, in turning you from his house.—He wants you to jump into the carriage, and come home as quickly as possible.

She found her father sick sure enough, on going home; but she soon saw that he was only sin-sick. She talked with him, prayed with him, and endeavored to lead him to Christ. In three days, the father, mother, two brothers and a sister, making the whole family, were all rejoicing in hope.

A STRANGE STORY.—The Pensacola *Tribune* tells the following story:—"A good joke is in circulation here as to the cause of the late mortality among the captured negroes at Key West. The news is said to have been brought by the Magnolia, on Sunday, but we are inclined to think that it originated in our community. It is said that a gentleman passed through en route for Key West, on the outward trip of the Magnolia, with a large amount of money, and that on his arrival there distributed presents and money among them. Consequently they were adverse to returning to Africa. He then succeeded in gaining the confidence of some of the guard, and administered chloroform to many of the darkies. They being considered dead, were removed immediately for interment, and a boat being ready at the beach, they were conveyed to the main shore—the negroes in the meantime recovering.

☞ During the Revolutionary war, General Layfayette being in Baltimore, was invited to a ball. He went as requested, but instead of joining the amusemnet, as might be expected of a young Frenchman of twenty-two, he addressed the ladies thus:

"Ladies, you are very handsome; you dance very prettily; your ball is very fine—*but my soldiers have no shirts.*"

The appeal was irresistable. The ball ceased—the ladies went home and went to work, and the next day a large number of shirts were prepared by the fairest hands of Baltimore, for the gallant defenders of their country.

☞ A darkey preacher arose to announce his text as follows:—

"In de fust pistol of Clover, second chapter and two hundred and ninety-fust verse"—

"Hold up, Doctor!" cried one of his hearers, "you've got in de wrong book, you mean de pistol of Timothy, I spose!"

The preacher hesitated a moment, with a very profound look, and said:

"Well, I must cave in dis time, though I know'd dat de tex was somewhar among de *grasses!*"

☞ When John Hancock came to Philadelphia as President of the first Congress, he wore a richly laced scarlet coat, a cocked hat with a black cockade, silver shoe buckles, and white silk clock hose. His bold signature, as affixed to the immortal Declaration, shows that his hand was as firm as his heart and as he factiously remarked, "the British Ministry could read that name without spectacles."

☞ A Yankee paper thus pathetically describes the fainting of a young lady:

Down fell the lovely maiden,
Just like a slaughtered lamb,
Her hair hung round her pallid cheeks
Like sea-weeds round a clam.

☞ If you want to make a pair of boots last four years, melt and mix four ounces of rosin and mutton tallow; apply the mixture while warm; rub in well; then put the boots in some closet, and—*go bare-footed.*

The Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1860.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the *Altoona Tribune*, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our *lowest rates*.

☞ We have frequently been asked what part we intend to take in the present political campaign. To all such inquiries our answer is, that we mean to keep aloof from all parties, having no connection, so far as our paper is concerned, with any of them, and leaving ourselves free to censure or applaud the acts of either party as, in our judgement, they are deserving. We shall at all times publish the proceedings of all political meetings, provided the secretaries will furnish us with the minutes of such meetings. This is matter of information as much to the other parties as the one holding the meeting. In publishing such proceedings we shall give no more than is furnished us by the secretaries, and just as it is handed in.

We intend to publish a column of political items occasionally, probably weekly, culled from papers of all parties, for the edification of those who desire a little news of this kind. In making these selections we shall eschew all those containing personalities and seek to give news alone.

☞ The New Yorkers are in a stew about the amount of money expended by the authorities for the entertainment of the Japanese. They cannot, by any rule in arithmetic they are acquainted with, foot up the cost to the great sum total it has reached. Some of the daily newspapers are, however, throwing a little light upon the subject, which shows where the arithmetic of the citizens is at fault. The wine bill alone costs $20,000; and it appears that this was not only for the Japanese, but for the entertainment of the Aldermanic committee, ten or fifteen in number, who took up a *suit* of rooms at the Metropolitan, and invited all their friends to come and feast at the public expense. The champagne not only went down their throats, but it went out of the window to certain outside agents, who sold it around at fifty cents a bottle to the admiring crowd. The yellow kid gloves which every Councilman displayed, as an unusual mark of gentility on the reception, enlarged themselves in the most extraordinary manner. The members, having a thought to future exigencies, ordered *seven dozen apiece*, with a special agreement that they should be exchanged for ladies' cream colored gloves when the ceremonies were over. This is the way the bill was stretched out, and the people are expected, as usual, to forget it after payment.

☞ The Postmaster General is about to issue an important circular to postmasters, requiring, among other things, that in all cases postage-stamps and not money be used in the prepayment of postage, and prohibiting the use of the dating stamp in cancelling the postage stamps. A neglect to cancel postage stamps effectually, or to post mark letters plainly, will be regarded as a cause for serious censure, if not of removal; and all postmasters are required to report every instance of such neglect to the appointment office. Instructions are also to be issued in execution of the recent provision of Congress for the return of letters to the writers thereof, when they are not taken out of the office by those to whom they are addressed.

STEAMSHIP BURNED.—The Steamship Pennsylvania, of the Philadelphia and Richmond line, was destroyed by fire on the night of the 19th of July, near Jamestown. The passengers and crew had barely time to escape in their night-clothes on rafts. Three children of Mrs. Datts, of Philadelphia, were lost by the capsizing of the raft on which they had embarked.—These were all that were lost. The remainder of the passengers and crew were picked up by another steamer which came to their rescue.

☞ The *Atlantic Monthly* for August contains the following articles, "The Carnival of the Romantic," "A Legend of Maryland," "Prince Adel," "Victor and Jacqueline," "Midsummer," "Tobacco," "Shakespeare done into French," "The Poets Singing," "Anno Domini 1860," and continuations of the "Professor's Story" and "Darwin on the Origin of Species." None but the very best literary and scientific articles find a place in this standard publication. Price $3 per annum. Ticknor & Fields, Boston.

☞ The *Ladies Home Magazine*, published by T. S. Arthur & Co., Philadelphia, is one of the spiciest little periodicals we receive. It is exactly suited to the ladies, and the price at which it is published, $1,00 per annum, places it within the reach of almost every lady. The fame of T. S. Arthur as a novelist is too widely known to require a notice from us. Send for the *Home Magazine*.

☞ The foreign demand for American butter and cheese is rapidly increasing. During the first six months of 1858 there were exported from New York 685,116 pounds of butter, and 2,940, 534 pounds of cheese; for the same period in 1860, the export of these articles was —of butter, 3,626,838 pounds; of cheese 7,-167,266 pounds.

People's Party Meeting.

Agreeably to previous notice a meeting of the People's Party of Altoona and vicinity was held in front of the Post Office, on Wednesday evening, July 25th, and was organized by appointing M. T. DILL, Esq., President.

Hon. Henry D. Moore, of Philadelphia, Hon. Samuel Calvin, of Hollidaysburg, and Gen. Jno. Williamson, of Huntingdon, addressed the meeting. They were listened to with attention and freqently greeted with rounds of applause.—Their remarks appeared to infuse new life into the party in this place and a determination is now manifested to go to work for Lincoln, Hamlin, Curtin and the whole County Ticket.

Mr. Moore is an argumentative and earnest speaker, and his remarks had considerable effect. Mr. Calvin's theme was the Tariff, on which he is fully posted. Gen. Williamson entertained the meeting with a number of anecdotes, and their application to the present political parties, after which the meeting adjourned in good order.

A NEW CHARM—WHAT IS IT?—We see by our exchanges that much attention is being excited in the medical world by a newly discovered Amulet or Charm, which is worn next the skin as a remedy and preventive against Fever and Ague, Billious Fevers, &c. It is called the "Persian Fever Charm," and is said to act like magic.—The history of its origin and operation is as interesting as any romance. It was discovered, as stated in the advertisement, by one of the greatest travelers in this country, whose name is familiar to most of our readers, and who is the last man who would be suspected of either superstition or deception. Wherever it is known, this Charm is rapidly supplanting all other remedies for Fever and Ague, not only on account of its wonderful simplicity and efficacy, but because being simply "something to wear," it obviates both the inconvenience and annoyance (to say nothing of the expense) of nauseous medicines.

Why don't some of our enterprising merchants order a supply of an article which is exciting so much attention in medical circles all over the country?

THE "JAPS," AT DANVILLE.—Some wags in Danville had a burlesque reception of the Japanese on the 4th inst., by which, however, many were actually "sold," believing that they were gazing on simon pures. The thing was well done, it seems. The Japs, personified by some young Danvilites, arrived in the cars; were conducted to carriages, with a crowd pressing up to see them; there was a grand procession, and reception by the Borough authorities, and final disappearance into the "Montour House," where apartments were prepared for them. There they appeared for a short time at the windows, making bows to and exchanging salutations with the crowd, and then quickly doffed their clothes, and slipping out of the back doors, soon mingled, one by one, among the crowd in the streets. Masser, of the Sunbury *American*, was slightly taken in and done for, as it is stated that he was on hand with one of his bran new ice-cream freezers, ready to present to the Embassy. It is stated that Danville has not witnessed such a crowd since the reception of the "Columbia Guards" on their return from Mexico in 1848. Near the bridge the crowd was so dense, that it was with difficulty a passage could be effected.

☞ The Supreme Court of Illinois has decided that an Express Company is liable for packages until an offer to deliver is made at the place of business of the consignee, an offer to deliver at the Express office not being a sufficient excuse, except under peculiar circumstances. The case was of a package of money sent from Chicago to Madison, Wis., to D. J. Baldwin, whose authorized agent was the cashier of the Dane County Bank. The Bank and Express office are substantially in the same room; and an offer was made to deliver by the Express messenger, at its counter, (asking "if he wanted it?") but the Bank clerk replied from his counter that he did not, not feeling authorized to receive it. That night the Express office was robbed, and the above facts were put in, unsuccessfully, as defence against payment.

RESIDENCE AND AGES OF PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES.—We find the following in an exchange, the Richland *Democrat*, which may be useful for reference:—

NOMINEES FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

	Residence.	Born.	Age.
Abraham Lincoln,	Illinois,	Feb. 12, 1809,	51
John Bell,	Tennessee,	Feb. 13, 1797,	63
Stephen A. Douglas,	Illinois,	April 23, 1813,	47
J. C. Breckenridge,	Kentucky,	Jan. 16, 1821,	39

NOMINEES FOR THE VICE-PRESIDENCY.

	Residence.	Born.	Age
Hannibal Hamlin,	Maine,	Aug. 27, 1809,	51
Edward Everett,	Mass.,	April 11, 1797,	63
H. V. Johnson,	Georgia,	Sept. 18, 1812,	47
Joseph Lane,	Oregon,	Dec. 14, 1821,	39

☞ A few days since, while the girls at the St. Charles Hotel, Syracuse, were washing out the dining-room, the head waiter accidentally flirted some water over the spotless pantaloons of a well dressed gentleman, who stood airing himself on the sidewalk, opposite the window. The enraged beau immediately jumped in at the window, and proceeded to "pitch into" the waiter, but the girls stuck to their colors, and attacking the assailant with mops and brooms, soon converted him into a pitable-looking object and compelled him to cry enough; when they let him go, looking as though he had been well washed in dirty water, and never wrung out.

THE GRANDPA OF ALL TREES.—Among the late discoveries in California is a monstrous petrified tree. It is lying in a desolate region about sixty miles north of Black Rock, near what is called High Rock Cannon, and is partly buried in the soil. Its length, so far as measured, the top being deep under the ground, was 666 feet, and the general opinion of the company looking at it, was that is was from 40 to 60 feet in diameter. In the same place, the company found the shin bone of a man petrified, and the upper jaw of a grizzly, but twice as large as the jaw of any grizzly ever seen in modern times.

FATAL MISTAKE.—Mrs. Myers, wife of Mr. John Myers, of Rayne township, Indiana county, who had been for some time in delicate health, used as a remedy a tea made of a green plant, known to botanists as Pipsissiwa, which grows wild in the woods. Going out on last Thursday to gather the plant, she mistook for it some other evergreen, boiling which she drank the decoction as usual, but unfortunately this plant proved poisonous, and caused the woman's death.

☞ These are sweltering times for St. Louis. The thermometer is as high as 107 degrees in the shade, and already there have been forty deaths from the heat. The oldest inhabitant does not remember to have seen the present state of the weather ever equalled.

LATEST POLITICAL ITEMS.

☞ The Hon. Miles Taylor, of Louisiana, having returned to Washington, the Douglas Executive Committee have fairly commenced their document distributing labors. As an item of political literature, it may be stated that they are printing an edition of one hundred thousand copies of a tract entitled, "Lincoln and his Record." The Breckinridge Executive Committee are preparing for extensive circulation, an address on the Territorial question, and in opposition to the views of Judge Douglas. The Republicans are not idle as to the printing and distributing of campaign documents, while the Bell and Everett Committee are industriously employed in the dissemination of their own political light.

☞ It is announced, on the authority of private advices received in Washington, that the terms of a union between the Douglas and Bell men in Georgia have been agreed upon. Each candidate is to have five electors, and if the whole ten votes will be sufficient to elect either, they are to be cast for him. No doubt is entertained that this project will result in the defeat of Breckinridge in Georgia, and in several other Southern States where it is to be tried.—It is believed also, in Washington, that the Breckinridge ticket will be withdrawn in New York, and that the whole vote of the Democracy will be cast for Douglas—this step being considered necessary for the defeat of Lincoln.

☞ Parson Brownlow of the Knoxville *Whig*, has a list of thirteen States which he is confident will go for Bell and Everett. He concludes his remarks on this topic with the following paragraph:—"In neither of these thirteen States will Douglas or Breckenridge be successful, unless it be in Georgia, where the statute calls on the Legislature to settle the dispute. Democracy is on its way to its grave, and in November next, either by the friends of Bell or Lincoln, will be precipitated to its doom in hell, where it ought to have been years ago, and where, with rogues and liars, it will spend an eternity of just such enjoyment as it had a foretaste of at Charleston and in Baltimore."

☞ The hostility between the supporters of Douglas and those of Breckenridge has become exceedingly bitter in that part of Illinois known as Egypt. In the town of Jonesboro the Douglas men have resolved not to trade at the Breckinridge stores, and the Breckinridge families have determined not to visit the Douglas families, nor to recognize them as respectable members of society. There seems even to be danger that the animosity will come to blows. It has become much more savage since the recent Convention at Springfield, where a Breckinridge Electoral ticket was nominated.

☞ The State Convention of the Douglas Democrats, which was well attended, every part of the State being represented, assembled at Harrisburg on Wednesday, to take action in opposition to the State Committee, which has recommended a fusion of the two wings of the Democracy in the State. The proceedings were strongly opposed to any such movement. The State Convention of the Democracy of Vermont also convened on Wednesday, at Montpelier, and selected an electoral ticket. The Convention was unanimous for Douglas.

☞ The Cumberland (Md.) *Telegraph*, an American organ, referring to a statement that the Opposition party of Alabama had, in Convention, repudiated Bell and Everett, and declared their purpose to support Breckinridge and Lane, says: "We prefer Lincoln before either of the Democratic nominees, and, if driven from our support of Mr. Bell by the treachery of our leading men—if our party is to be sold out to either wing of the Democracy—then we are for Lincoln, with tens of thousands of others in good old Maryland."

☞ St. Louis is now the arena of the most desperate struggle ever made for a single seat in Congress. The successful contest of Mr. Barret's return to the present House by Frank Blair, has intensified and embittered their canvass. Monster Meetings are held by both parties nightly, and the poll on the first Mondsy in August will be tremendous. The vote of the District in 1858 was declared to stand thus:—Blair, Republican, 6,631; Breck, American, 5,668; Barrett, Democrat, 7,057. Barrett over Blair, 426.

☞ The Northampton *Correspondent*, a German organ of the Democracy, published at Easton, Pa., after having the name of Stephen A. Douglas at the head of its columns for two weeks, has declared for Breckinridge and Lane. Other papers in the "Tenth Legion," that were either doubtful or for Douglas at first, are now for Breckinridge; and in that famous stronghold, which gave Buchanan 6,000 majority over Freemont and Fillmore, there are now six Breckinridge and four Douglas papers.

☞ The publishers of the La Crosse *Union and Democrat* challenged the proprietors of the La Crosse *Democrat* to bet office against office, each valued at from $3,000 to 4,000, that Douglas would carry the States of Illinois and Wisconsin, and also $2,500 worth of real estate that Douglas would be the next President.—These bets have been promptly accepted by the proprietors of the *Republican*, and they further offer $500 in cash to go with the printing office.

☞ So anxious are the Republicans of California to possess a rail of the Abe Lincoln stamp, that at a late enthusiastic meeting of the party, it was voted to send on to Illinois to obtain one, and in case the supply of the original article was exhausted, it was suggested that Mr. Lincoln be requested to split *one more* for their especial benefit.

☞ Gerrit Smith is out against Lincoln.—He has written a very bitter letter, denouncing him as a supporter of the Fugitive Slave Law, and declaring that no true abolitionist can support him. In this he repeats the movement of 1858, when he made a small experiment at running for Governor against the Republican candidate.

☞ A telegram from Danville, dated 28th ult., says that the first political meetings of the season in that section was held there, on the evening previous, by the Douglas Democracy.—The gathering was large and an unusual amount of enthusiasm was manifested. Resolutions were passed favoring a straight-out electoral ticket.

☞ Senator Fitzpatrick, who was nominated for Vice President by the Douglas Convention, and declined, has written a letter in which he says: "According in sentiment with the platform upon which Breckinridge and Lane have been nominated, I shall, as a matter of course, yield them my support."

☞ At the Breckinridge ratification meeting at Washington, twelve hundred clerks attached to the Departments, marched in procession. A wag carried along a transparency—a three-sided thing—with the "B" on each side. On being asked the meaning, he replied: "Breck, Bread and Butter."

☞ John Young Brown, member of Congress from Kentucky, writes that he supports Mr. Douglas, and that, in the county of Hardin, in that State, there are not above thirty Democrats for Mr. Breckinridge out of 1,000 Democratic voters.

☞ The Opposition Conferees of the Congressional district composed of the counties of Crawford and Erie, met at Conneautville, on Thursday week, and nominated Hon. Elijah Babbitt for re-election to Congress, by acclimation.

☞ The Hon. John Hickman addressed a large meeting of the People's Party at Concert Hall, Philadelphia, on Tuesday evening, in which he announced himself in favor of the election of Lincoln and Hamlin.

☞ The Opposition Convention of Cambria county endorsed the nomination of S. S. Blair.

Constitutional Union Party.

The friends of John Bell, of Tennesee, for President, and Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, for Vice President, of the United States, held their first meeting in Altoona, on Thursday evening last, in front of the Post office, and organized by the selection of Dr. WM. R. FINLEY as President.

Col. W. P. Seymour, of Philadelphia, and E. C. Pechin, Secretary of the State Committee, were then introduced and addressed the meeting in eloquent and argumentative speeches, which were received with repeated rounds of applause. The assemblage was large and enthusiastic.

The meeting was kept up till a late hour and a patriotic determination and spirit manifested to put an extinguisher upon the sectionalism and demagogueism, whether North or South, which have been agitating the country and threatening the disruption of the Union.

A Constitutional Union Club was organized by the election of a President and two Vice Presidents—the remaining officers necessary to a complete organization being deferred to a subsequent meeting.

After three hearty cheers for Bell, Everett and the Constitutional Union Party, the crowd dispersed.

BELL AND EVERETT CLUB.

ALTOONA, July 27th, 1860.

In accordance with the public notice given, the Bell and Everett Club convened in the room adjoining the *Tribune* Office, and perfected their organization by the election of two Vice Presidents, two Secretaries, a Treasurer, and an Executive Committee of five members.

The following Platform and By-Laws were unanimously adopted and signed by every one present:

PLATFORM.

WHEREAS, Experience has demonstrated that Platforms adopted by the partisan Conventions of the country have had the effect to mislead and deceive the people, and at the same time to widen the political divisions of the country, by the creation and encouragement of geographical and sectional parties; therefore,

Resolved, That it is the part both of patriotism and of duty, to recognize no political principles other than "THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COUNTRY, THE UNION OF THE STATES, AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAWS," and as the representatives of the Constitutional Union men of the country, in National Convention assembled, we here pledge ourselves to maintain, protect and defend, separately and unitedly, these great principles of public liberty and national safety against all enemies at home and abroad; believing thereby that peace may at once be restored to the country, the just rights of the people and of the States be established, and the Government again placed in that condition of justice, fraternity and equality which, under the example of the Constitution of our fathers, has solemnly bound every citizen of the United States to maintain a more perfect union, establish justice, and secure domestic tranquility; provide for the common defence; promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and to our posterity.

BY-LAWS.

We, the undersigned, pledge our hearty and united support to John Bell, of Tennessee, and Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

ARTICLE I. The name of this Association shall be the Constitutional Union Association of Altoona.

ART. II. All citizens endorsing the above declaration of principles, and signing the Constitution and By-Laws, shall be entitled to membership in this Association.

ART. III. The meetings shall be held at such time and place as the Association may determine.

ART. IV. The officers shall consist of a President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer, and an Executive Committee of Five, to be elected by the Association.

ART. V. Each Association, as soon as organized, shall elect one of their number to serve on the County Executive Committee.

The following resolution was introduced, fully discussed and unanimously passed:

Resolved, That the Constitutional Union Party, taking their stand upon the Constitution, the Union and the Laws, and duly regarding the rights and privileges of all their fellow-citizens as members of one common country—without regard to former distinctive name and parties—do extend a cordial invitation to all, to unite with them in putting an end to sectionalism, fanaticism, and all that tends to disturb or endanger the peace and perpetuity of this glorious Union of free and equal States.

After free conversation on the subject, no desire was manifested to withhold their support from the State and county Opposition nominations already made.

Adjourned to meet on Saturday evening, August 4th.

LETTER FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Correspondence of the Tribune.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27th, 1860.

Messrs. Editors:—The last shipment of Fashion has been made to the Beach and other watering places. All who remain in town, after this date, are supposed to belong to that segment of society called the "Commonalty," whose means are not adequate to the expense of fashionable indulgence. Hence a great many persons with meagre finances, and who are yet anxious to preserve their connection with the "Charmed Circle," have closed their houses, and retired to the privacy of their chambers in the rear of their dwellings, their servants in the meantime replying to questions of visitors, that "the family is out of town." The pervading desire of this portion of humanity to leave the city, at this season of the year, does not, I am sorry to say, arise from a love of rural scenery, of the majesty and grandeur of the ocean, nor from any desire to promote comfort and health. Any one at all familiar with the places of fashionable resort in the height of the season, cannot but wonder at the extravagance, the ceremonious display, the dissipation, and the utter disregard of all rules of moral propriety, and laws of healthful recreation, that prevail.

Nearly all the vices, with but few of the virtues, are practiced without any of the safeguards of moral restraint of city life.

The nights are seasons of revelry, "hops," and the gaudy display of jewels, laces and brocade, when haughty belles dispense their charms for general admiration in the flash of mirrors. The days are divided between epicurean delights, novel reading, and the never-ceasing round of personal rivalry.

But while the drones of this great social bee-hive of ours are thus recklessly squandering precious time, and the money left them by their ancestors, a great many are improving a few days of leisure, that recur like annual jubilees in the intervals of business, to steal away to the seaside, and to the seclusion of mountain retreats, pass the time in fishing, bathing, sailing and other aquatic sports. One class of our population *squanders* its leisure, another *improves* it, whilst a third and by far the largest class has very little, if any leisure, either to squander or improve.—But all its time is occupied, year in and year out, through summer and winter, in the foetid air of the cellar, garret and court, struggling with poverty and pinching necessity to sustain life.

No one unacquainted with city life can form an adequate idea of the suffering that exists in all great cities, both in summer and winter. Thousands who live by the scanty wages afforded to day laborers, live in garrets and cellars, or in the narrow courts and alleys, where, to save rent, many families are sometimes crowded into one tenement house, barely sufficient to afford comfortable shelter to one. Thousands of men, women and children work at the various trades, in cellars and the upper rooms of stores, where, bending over their work all day, inhaling the sickly heated air of their prison houses; with insufficient food very frequently, they lose all healthy animation and vivacity of spirit, and when they emerge therefrom of evenings they bear fearful evidences of premature decay. A great deal of maudlin sympathy has been expressed for the slaves on the southern plantations. Those philanthropists who would sever the national bond of Union on account of the wrongs inflicted upon the negroes, would do well to look at home, and endeavor to find a panacea for those great social wrongs that exist in our very midst. Here is a field wide enough to employ the energies and engage the sympathies of every true philanthropist.

We have scarcely yet recovered from our surprise, pleasure or fright, occasioned by the appearance of the late brilliant meteor. It was certainly one of the most remarkable of the kind both as to its appearance and the apparent slowness of its movement, that has been seen by the oldest inhabitant. Our astronomers are at fault in giving us a satisfactory explanation of it. One thing, however, is certain; the expanseless domain of space above us is a vast magazine of combustible elements, as yet very little known to us, and which only require the fiat of Jehovah to make of our globe a funeral pile.

WILHELM.

LETTER FROM NEW YORK.

The Chicago Zouaves—A Romance—Elopement Expected—The Great Eastern Excursion—Flirtationary Opportunities—Crime and Crinoline—Jack Heenan, the "Champion of the World"—A New Game—Pretty and Unprotected Girls versus *Wealthy and Uncharitable Merchants—The Fashions for the Season, Etc.*

Correspondence of the Tribune.

NEW YORK, July 26th, 1860.

The numerous excitements of the last week are gradually fading from the public mind. Perhaps the visit of the Chicago Zouaves left the most lasting impression, for New York takes a lively interest in military matters, and the young Westerners were really extraordinarily perfect in their drill manual. The citizen-soldiery cheerfully acknowledged this superiority; and even the *Herald*, which spends much time and space in exalting our own Seventh Regiment, gracefully confessed that nothing like the Zouave parades had ever been seen before in New York. Of course, there are several propositions on foot for the organization of one or more similar companies here; but it remains to be seen whether or no our young men will come to time on the arduous and fatiguing requirements of the Zouave regulations.

And apropos of our martial guests, their stay was not unmarked by episodes of a romantic character, if we may trust the whispers of public rumor. Miss D—— is the daughter of a retired broker, living not a thousand miles from Madison Square, where the red-legged gentlemen held one of their show parades. This young lady, fired by an epidemic military enthusiasm, watched the parade from her papa's front windows, and, with the aid of destiny and a double-lens schromatic-lorgnette, distinguished a certain handsome officer of the corps, whose grace and manliness attracted her special attention. Among the thousands who thronged the square, he only left the imprint of his face and form upon her susceptible heart. It is said that she dreamed of him, but I don't know that the assertion could be substantiated. Probably not.

When it was announced—though falsely—that the Zouaves were to drill on the deck of the Great Eastern, Miss D—— took care to be there. The parade did not come off, but many of the company were present, and among them the gallant young officer who had captivated the broker's daughter from a distance. Nobody knows how it happened. Maybe he tendered his assistance to her on the narrow and perilous engine-room stairs. Maybe she allowed affection to triumph over prudence, and "scraped acquaintance" boldly with him. Maybe they met on the lofty paddle-boxes, and his heart suddenly found it good to respond to hers. At all events, when her carriage was driven up to the forward gangway, to convey her home, it was a Zouave jacket-sleeve upon which her fair arm rested, and a Zouave's strong hand lifted her into the vehicle.

Many little notes, full of the perfume of sentiment and of Frangipanni, passed between them thereafter, and the most gorgeous bouquet thrown upon the stage on the occasion of the drill at the Academy of Music, was from Mr. D——'s box. This was all very pretty, but, unfortunately the little maiden has been *Anancee*, these four years, to a bald but gentlemanly cotton-broker in Wall street. The father learned his daughter's passion for the "Zoo-zoo" officer, and, as the vulgar saying has it, "shut pan" thereon, so that a charming little plot for the purely *accidental* introduction of the lover to the parent, fell dead to the ground, and the Zouaves went off to Boston, without another meeting having been compassed by the Pyramus of Lake Street and the Thisbe of Madison Square. It is reported, however, that when the company returned on their way home, an interview between the lovers took place and arrangements were made for a private correspondence, to be kept up with all the vigor of true devotion, until such time as the young officer can again visit the metropolis.—Then, I suppose, we may look out for an "elopement in high life," and an appropriate newspaper sensation.

The second military excitement was the visit of the Savannah Republican Blues, an old and wealthy company from Georgia. They are a soldierly set of men, but of no striking perfection in drill.

Everybody is now on the *qui vive* concerning the excursion trip of the Great Eastern to Cape May. There will be a tremendous jam on board, notwithstanding the somewhat lofty price of tickets, and a good deal of discomfort will doubtless be mingled with the fun. Nearly all the practicable berths will be occupied by ladies, and the masculines will be forced to camp down anywhere on mattresses in the saloons. The noble art of flirtation will prosper largely, during the trip.

For all the state of excitement in which our city has been kept during the summer, the "governing classes" have contrived to keep the criminal calendar pretty full. We average about two homicides and seven "found drowned" cases—half of which mean the same thing as murder—every week. The last great tragedy was the Walton-Matthews shooting, wherein the coroner's jury found Charles Jefferds guilty, somewhat hastily. The young man is a son of Mr. Walton's wife, the fruit of a former marriage; and as the family was in a perpetual state of internal feud some curious developments of social life in New York may be expected at the trial. Among other sanguinary affairs now talked of, are sundry stabbing, shooting and fistic assaults, growing out the Heenan-Morrissey quarrels. Heenan himself has behaved very modestly and peaceably since his arrival, and complains much of the lionizing to which his so-called "friends" subject him. There is some talk of a fight between him and Morrissey, to take place in Florida or Havana, where neither will be disturbed by the other's partisans. I do not believe, however, that Morrissey means to fight at all. He saw too much of the mill at Farnsborough, to care about trying Jack's quality again. The "Benecian" has not yet got his duplicate belt, but there is on exhibition at Tiffany's, a beautiful silver vase, presented by some Englishmen at Stepney, to "John C. Heenan, the Champion of the World." All this pugilistic mania is confined, in New York, to the lower circles, and is a sad comment on the want of popular refinement and culture.

Speaking of crime and criminals, a few sentences back, reminds me of an infamous but ingenious game that has lately been practiced with success upon some of the down-town merchants. A very pretty young girl goes into a business office late in the afternoon, ostensibly to sell books. If she finds the proprietor of the place alone, she begs a dollar to buy shoes and stockings with, exposing, at the time, a pretty foot and ankle in *puris naturalibus*. The virtuous merchant begins to suspect, and his fears are confirmed, when the girl demands an increased sum. "Leave my office!" cries the indignant gentleman. "Don't touch me!" replies she; "or I'll call for help, and complain that you have taken liberties with me!" The merchant shrinks back aghast at the bare idea, and the unblushing young woman demands ten dollars for a copy of "Mother Goose," or some such valuable work, repeating her threats until she gets the money. The only course is for the gentleman to call a policeman at once—as an interview with one is an ordeal that few professional swindlers like to stand.

The weather here has been alternating, of late, between too hot, too wet, and too much of both together. This has made our promenades somewhat vacant, especially as everybody is out of town at this season. The seaside watering places are more patronized this year than the inland hotels and the ladies are having a capital time among the beaux and breakers of Newport, Cape May, Long Branch, and other places. I am happy to see that the little English hat is gaining favor as a seaside head-dress. It is a small straw fabric, turning up closely all around, and ornamented on the left side with a rosette of ribbon, of any color to suit the complexion—though the new purple, *mauve*, is very fashionable, for young misses especially. The round hat, with a fall of lace from the brim, is not so much worn now as last year.

Another very pretty head-dress for the country is the rigolette, made of crochet-work, in colored wools, which is renewing its old popularity. When made with lively colors, harmoniously shaded, it is a charming and picturesque ornament.

The colors for dresses are very brilliant this summer, and there is an infinite variety of styles. Crinoline still holds its own, though somewhat diminished from last winter's proportions. Full robes, *a double jupe*, of light and airy fabrics, with very plain trimmings of ribbon, and the Pompadour corsage, are among the prettiest.

The large flaring bonnet, of the coal-scuttle pattern, did not obtain favor. American women have too much taste to fall into a hideous fashion merely because it is a fashion, so they have wisely made a compromise between the ridiculously small and the ridiculously large, the fronts being slightly pointed.

The bad weather has somewhat injured business at the theatres, as also has the incoming political excitement, which has just begun to display itself in big banners, and torchlight processions and free whiskey. The campaign, notwithstanding the plurality of candidates and of interests, will, as usual, turn the city topsy-turvy. Of course, each voter confidently expects to elect his favorite, but political prophecies are out of the line of your

FARCEUR.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial.

It must be obvious to every attentive person that the first disease of infants arise chiefly from the bowels, and in this connection we know of a medicine which can be relied upon with perfect confidence in all infantile complaints whatever their nature may be. We speak of Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial. It contains no opiate of any kind—no paregoric, and relieves the sufferings of infants as if by magic. Mothers! by all means try this—even if all other remedies have failed. See the advertisement in another column of Messrs. Church & Dupont, Druggists, New York, who are the sole proprietors, and also sole agents of the the world-renowned "DR. BRONSON'S BLOOD FOOD," which is a preparation for the relief of all complaints arising from deficiencies of the blood, from whatever causes such deficiencies may proceed. It is without exception the most strengthening cordial any invalid could take, as it is immediately absorbed by the blood without having to go through the process of digestion; and as blood is the life of the human body, by nourishing and producing it, it soon restores to perfect health those even who have been suffering for years. We consider the above two Preparations decidedly the best of their kind offered to the public.—*Chronicle, Quebec, C. E.* ☞ See advertisement.

For sale by A. Roush, Altoona.

A Great Medicine for Females!

Hundred of stimulants have been invented and sold, purporting to be specific in the various diseases and derangements to which the delicate form of woman render her subject. The result of these stimulants has been to impart *momentary activity* to the *nervous system*, and false vigor to the *muscles*; but this relief has been succeeded by a depression and prostration greater than before; and the repeated attempts of invalids to build themselves up by these false remedies, have finally ended in destroying what little vital orgination was left. But in using "*Barhare's Hollands Bitters*" you will find no such disastrous results. It a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhave. Under its influence *every* nerve and muscle receives new strength and vigor, appetite and sleep return, and finally, perfect health. See advertisement in another column.

☞ Persons afflicted with the Fever and Ague should not spare either time, trouble or expense, to procure Dr. Hostetter's Celebrated Bitters, whose beneficent effects upon the human system has been clearly proved to those who have been stricken down in a short space of time by this dreadful curse, whose cheeks are wan and meagre, and whose nights are sleepless and restless, and whose eyes are dim and sunken, with death staring them in the face, this compound must prove a blessing, snatching them as it were from the very mouth of the grave. None can know its true value until they have tested it. When all others have failed, these Bitters have restored the sufferers to pristine health. Their popularity in all the Western and Southern parts should introduce them to all families.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere.

☞ See advertisement in another column.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many thousands of the young, the beautiful, and the beloved to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

are the most effectual remedy ever known for all complaints peculiar to *Females*. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity*. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most *eminent Physicians in America*.

Explicit directions, stating when, and when they should not be used, with each Box,—*the Price One Dollar each Box, containing 40 Pills.*

A valuable Pamphlet, to be had free, of the Agents.—Pills *sent by mail, promptly*, by enclosing price to the General Agent. Sold by Druggists generally,

R. B. HUTCHINGS, GENERAL AGENT,
14 Broadway, New York.

Sold in Altoona by G. W. Kessler; in Hollidaysburg by Geo. A. Jacobs. [Dec. 8, 1859.-1y.

INPECTINE.
THE PERSIAN FEVER CHARM.

For the prevention and cure of *Fever and Ague and Billious Fevers*. This wonderful remedy was brought to the knowledge of the present proprietors by a friend who has been a great traveller in Persia and the Holy Land.

While going down the river Euphrates, he experienced a *severe* attack of Fever and Ague. On discovering his condition, one of the Boatmen took from his person an Amulet, saying, "*Wear this and no Fever, will touch you.*" although incredulous as to its virtues, he complied, and experienced immediate relief, and has since always found it an effectual protection from all malarious complaints.

On further investigation he found that the boatman attributed to it *miraculous* powers, and said that it could only be obtained from the Priests of the Sun. Sometime afterwards, the gentleman in conversing with a Priest obtained from him the secret of its preparation, and ascertained where the medicinal herbs were found, of which it was compounded. The wonderful virtues of this article have induced a full belief in the minds of the natives in the miraculous healing powers of their Priests.

Since his return to America, it has been tried with the happiest effect by several ladies and gentlemen of high character, who have given it the most unqualified praise. This remedy having been a specific in Persia for hundreds of years, for the prevention and cure of Fever and Ague, and Billious Fevers—is now offered to the American people.

It will be sent by mail, prepaid, with full directions for use, on receipt of one dollar.

Principal Depot and Manufactory, 188 Main St., Richmond, Va. Branch Office, Bank of Commerce Building, New York. Address JOHN WILCOX & CO.

June 28, 1860.-1y.

☞ "OH THAT THE SKIN of an innocent sheep should be made into parchment, and written on to the undoing of a man!" quoth Shakspeare. He might also have deplored the ruining of men's forms by the uncouth manner in which some ungracious tailors butcher up the cloth made from the wool grown by these same harmless sheep. To see the perfection of the art of working up cloth wisely and well, and so as to set off to the best advantage the forms of its wearers, call at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut st. above Sixth, Phila. and examine their stock of garments for gentlemen and youths.

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced nurse and female physician, has a soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by sotening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column.

H. F. CONRAD, M. D.,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity. Office on Railroad street, two doors east of the Red Lion Hotel, where he may be consulted at all hours, except when professionally engaged. jy 26, 1860, tf

CAUTION.—ALL PERSONS ARE hereby notified not to purchase or sell any lager beer kegs with the stamp of the ALTOONA BREWERY thereon, as such kegs never have been and never will be sold from the Brewery. All kegs containing said stamp will be claimed and taken, wherever found, by the proprietors of the Brewery to whom they belong.

WILHELM & BRO.

July 25th 1859-tf.

B. F. ROYER, M. D.,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity.

The best of references can be given if required.

Office at residence on Branch street, East Altoona, three doors above Conrad's Store. April 26'59-1y.

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE Company, Agency, Anna Street, Alt

Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA MAIL SCHEDULE.

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way at	7 00 A.M.
Western " and Hollidaysburg,	7 00 A.M.
Western Through and Hollidaysburg,	6 30 P.M.
Eastern Through Mail	7 40 "

MAILS OPEN.

Hollidaysburg	7 10 A.M.
Western Through	7 15 "
Eastern Through Mail,	7 40 "
Hollidaysburg,	6 50 P.M.
Western Way,	8 10 P.M.
Eastern "	6 55 P.M.

Office open for the transaction of business from 6.30 A.M. to 9.00 P.M., during the week, and from 7.50 to 8.50 o'clock, on Sunday.

June 4, '57-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Express	Train East arrives	8,10 P.M.,	leaves	8,25 P.M.
"	" West "	7,40 A.M.	"	8,50 A.M.
Fast	" East "	1,15 A.M.	"	1,20 A.M.
"	" West "	8,25 P.M.,	"	8,40 P.M.
Mail	" East "	7,15 A.M.	"	7,30 A.M.
"	" West "	6,55 P.M.,	"	7,10 P.M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train East and West, and Mail Train East and West.

INDIANA BRANCH TRAINS connect with Johnstown Accommodation Train East and West, Johnstown Way Train Eastward and Express Train Westward.

April 12, 1860. ENOCH LEWIS, *Gen'l Supt.*

LOCAL ITEMS.

ANOTHER INVENTION.—Recent fires in New York, Philadelphia and other cities, in which persons in the upper stories of buildings have perished for want of some means of escape, has induced a number of persons to get up inventions which are termed "fire escapes," but all that we have yet seen noticed in the scientific papers, are lacking in some particular, being either too unwieldy, hard to manage, or unsafe. A few evenings since we were shown an invention of this character, got up by our townsman, Mr. Andrew Clabaugh, which is entirely different from anything of the kind yet brought out, and possesses the merit of occupying a smaller space, when out of use, than any of the others, and requiring so little time to adjust it to any height. In size and shape, when not in use, it resembles a common fire engine. It is constructed with a platform on top, on which a half-a-dozen persons can be elevated to a height of 70 feet in a few moments. The frame work which elevates the platform, will be made of iron and will also form a ladder, which, by means of a gearing at the bottom, can be thrown to any angle, and on which persons can ascend and descend with the same rapidity that they could on a common ladder. This "escape" will be so secured as to make it perfectly safe.—Those who have seen it pronounce it good. Mr. C. has sent on his model and applied for a patent. When he obtains it, we shall have more to say of the invention.

PROMOTED.—It ever gives us pleasure to note the promotion of young men to responsible positions, when we know them to be well qualified for and deserving of such promotion; and for this reason we take pleasure in recording the selection of our young friend, Robt. Pitcairn, to fill the office of Superintendent of Middle Division, P. R. R., to take effect to-day (Wednesday.) He has been connected with the Road for the last eight or ten years, and commenced life thereon, like his colleague on the Western Division, as errand boy and telegraph operator, consequently he has risen step by step until he has reached his present position. His familiarity with the working arrangements of the Road fitted him for the position and a better selection could not have been made. Here again, as in the case of Mr. Carnegie, is an incentive to those boys, who now occupy the positions once occupied by them, to endeavor to arrive at the same round in the ladder of promotion,—the secret is, upright conduct, strict integrity and indomitable perseverance.

MORE GOOD WHEAT.—On Saturday last, Mr. Thomas Crissman left with us specimens of three different kinds of wheat, which equal that left with us by Mr. McGlathery, a few weeks since, and which has not been excelled by any we have seen noticed in our exchanges. Mr. Crissman left us a head of white blue stem which measured 6½ inches in length and contains between 96 and 100 grains,—a head of Mediterranean wheat between 5 and 6 inches in length which contains 96 grains—and 3 heads of common red wheat, which, although not so large as we have seen, are exceedingly well filled with large, solid grains. He informs us that from one head of this wheat he took 111 grains.—Talk about the mountains around Altoona being poor and unproductive. Lancaster county can hardly beat the above. Can any of our exchanges beat it.

M'ALISTERVILLE ACADEMY, JUNIATA CO., PA.—This Institution has been under the control of the present Principal, Geo. F. McFarland, for nearly two years, and the liberal patronage extended to it is an evidence of its worth. We have had good opportunities of examining every department of the Institution, been present at recitation and studying hours, at the society connected with it and the regular series of lectures delivered before it, and we must say, that for excellence of government, and efficiency of instruction, we have never seen it excelled.—The Principal publishes a thirty-two page pamphlet four times a year which is called the "Student's Quarterly," and which is a very creditable work. The Fall Session commenced July 24th, 1860.

☞ Next to a good wife, every man likes to have good bread. Even if the first be bad and the latter good, he has a little pleasure, about meal time. Flour, such as will make good bread, is sometimes hard to be had, but a lot which we lately received from the steam mill, in this place, will make good bread, if it has any chance at all. Our better-half has given it several trials and found the result always the same, and now pronounces it excellent. The proprietors of the steam mill intend to keep a good supply of the same quality always on hand hereafter.

BARN BURNED.—We learn that the barn of Phillip Faddle, a short distance above this place, was struck by lightning during the thunder storm on Sunday evening last, and entirely consumed. Mr. Faddle had just finished housing his grain and hay, consequently his entire stock was lost. He had barely time to get his horses out of the stable. We did not learn whether there was any insurance on the barn or contents, but presume not.

A HANDSOME CAR.—Within the past week, one of the most magnificent cars to be found upon any railroad in this country, has been finished in the shops in this place and is now ready for the road. The first trip with it was made to Huntingdon and back, on Saturday last, when it was found to ride exceedingly smooth. The car is designed exclusively for the use of the Board of Directors of the road. It will always be run as the last car on the train, and is built after the following fashion:—It is divided into three compartments—the first, or front compartment is intended for a refreshment room, containing a table, stools, and all the necessary perquisites for comfort and convenience. The table is fastened to the floor by sockets, so that it cannot be upset by the jolting of the car while in motion. Adjoining this is a pantry in which to stow away the viands. The central part of the car is fitted up for a sleeping-room, and is supplied with Woodruff's patent couches. It contains twelve berths—six on each side. Here also are water, toilet arrangements, etc., all most ingeniously contrived for the use and convenience of the Directors. The last compartment of the car is no more nor less than a small parlor, fitted up in the latest style, with seats for twelve guests.—The sides of this car are decorated with landscape paintings, representing scenery along the Pennsylvania Railroad; while on the rear end of the car is a platform, surrounded with iron railing, sufficiently broad to allow the whole of the Directors to stand or sit upon to view the road, while the train is in motion, without any danger. Everything inside the car is finished in the most elegant style, making it a model of neatness as well as convenience. The car was got up by Mr. C. R. Hostotter, the Foreman of the car shop in this place, and the arrangement of the conveniences are principally of his designing. The landscape paintings were executed by Mr. Ralph Greenwood, Foreman of the paint shop, and are very handsome and life-like. The car is a model and highly creditable to all engaged in getting it up, and worth a visit to look at.

HEAVY RAIN—DAMAGE FROM LIGHTNING.—On Sunday evening last, the heaviest shower of rain we have had this season, passed over this place, accompanied by very sharp lightning and thunder. During the shower, one of the brick houses belonging to Mr. C. Jaggard, on Harriet street, East Altoona, was struck by lightning.—The fluid entered through the roof, tearing it considerably, thence through the attic floor, also tearing it up, and from thence it passed down and out of the house through a gas pipe.—Strange to say, fire was not communicated to the building. Fortunately the house was unoccupied.

☞ The Prince of Wales is now in this country, and as he intends visiting Cincinnati and other western cities, he will most likely pass through this place on his way to or from the West. As he is a lover of luxuries, of course he will drop in at Taylor's saloon, next door to the Bank, and partake of a saucer of the delicious ice cream there manufactured, or a plate of those fine Cove Plant Oysters always on hand, and wash down with one of the many ice cool drinks served up on short notice, besides filling his pockets with confectionaries, &c., selected from the good stock kept in this establishment.

PIC NIC.—The members of Veranda Lodge, I. O. of O. F., will hold their Third Annual Pic Nic in one of the groves contiguous to this place, on Saturday, August 18th. The Committee of Arrangements is composed of men who can get up such an affair in good style, and the list of Managers contains the names of our best citizens. From the fact that Floor Managers are announced, of course there will be dancing in the programme. The music will be furnished by the Harrisburg String Band. A gay time may be expected.

☞ The reservoir of the Altoona Gas and Water Company is now being raised three feet higher. This will enable the Company to supply water in some localities where it is wanted, but cannot be forced, on account of the head being too low.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—We copy the following proceedings from the *Whig* of this week:—

Commonwealth vs. John Kerry.—Indictment—Larceny. True bill. Guilty. Not sentenced.

Com. vs. John Tate.—Indictment—Fornication and Bastardy. True bill. Guilty. Usual sentence.

Com. vs. John Kerry.—Indictment—Larceny. True bill. Guilty. Not sentenced.

Com. vs. Geo. Hoffman.—Indictment—Assault and Battery. True bill. Guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. John Hainsey and Henry Miller.—Indictment—Assault and battery. True bill. Not guilty, but pay costs.

Com. vs. Geo. Pearce.—Indictment—Assault, &c. True bill. Submitted. Sentenced to pay costs of prosecution, and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail one month.

Com. vs. Michael Scandling.—Indictment—Selling liquor on Sunday. True bill. Guilty.

Com. vs. J. C. Shoemaker.—Indictment—Selling liquor on Sunday. Not a true bill, and county pay costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. Catharine Mash.—Indictment—Assault and battery. True bill. Guilty. Not sentenced.

Com. vs. Michael Scandling.—Indictment—Selling intoxicating drinks to minors. True bill. Guilty. Not sentenced.

Com. vs. Dennis Creely.—Surety of Peace. After a hearing of the case he was sentenced to pay $1 to the county, and entered into recognizance in $500 to keep the peace.

Com. vs. Jacob Andrews.—Indictment—Assault and battery. Not a true bill, and Geo. Tompkins, the prosecutor, to pay costs.

Com. vs. Andrew Stanberry.—Indictment—Assault and battery. Not a true bill, and Thos. Stanberry to pay costs.

Com. vs. Clemens Fichtor.—Indictment—Forgery. True bill. Continued.

Com. vs. Fanny Reynolds.—Indictment—Selling liquor on Sunday. True bill. Guilty.

Com. vs. Fanny Reynolds.—Furnishing intoxicating drink to men of intemperate habits. True bill. Guilty.

Com. vs. Fanny Reynolds.—Indictment—Keeping a tippling house. True bill. Guilty.

Com. vs. Elias Baker and Wm. Johnston.—Indictment—Assault and battery. True bill. Wm. Johnston not guilty, but pay half the costs, and Jacob Good, the prosecutor, the other half. Elias Baker sentenced to pay a fine of six cents and the costs.

Com. vs. Cyrus Hamilton.—Indictment—Threatening letters. Not a true bill, and Jacob T. Wilson, the prosecutor to pay costs.

Several cases of surity of peace were submitted to the Court, and one or two fornication and bastardy cases continued. The Court adjourned on Friday morning.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.—Particular notice is hereby given that hereafter all gas and water rent bills that are not paid within FIVE DAYS after said bills are presented, the 10 per cent authorized will positively be charged and collected, and if not paid within TEN DAYS the gas or water will positively be shut off.

Altoona, July 26, '60. BENJ. F. ROBE, *Sec'y.*

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ They have the devil in a bridge over at Johnstown.

☞ To be changed—Wheatland, the name of Buchanan's home, to Buck-wheatland.

☞ During the year ending the 1st of June 291,171 barrels of flour were inspected at Norfolk, Va.

☞ New wheat is quoted at Norfolk at $1.20a1.25 for red, and $1.20a1.40 for white.

☞ The girl who succeeds in winning the true love of a true man makes a lucky *hit*, and is herself a lucky *miss*.

☞ Not a day passes but the grave of Senator Broderick, in the Lone Mountain Cemetery, near San Francisco, is strewn with flowers.

☞ The English astronomers estimate the length of the tail of the comet lately visible at about twenty two million miles.

☞ The San Francisco *Golden Era* of June 17, announces the marriage of Mrs. Burdell-Cunningham in that city.

☞ The New York *Tribune* says that 16,300 persons visited the Great Eastern on Tuesday of last week. Rather a profitable day.

☞ Foreign letter-writers say that a deep and wide-spread plot exists at present against the life of the Austrian Emperor.

☞ A lady at her marriage requested the clergyman to annouce to be sung by the choir the hymn commencing—

"This is the way I long have sought,
And mourned because I found it not."

☞ Rather racy—the political letters now being published in the Democratic papers. It is pretty hard to tell who belongs to the regular Democratic party, as both sides claim to be the "Simon pure" article.

☞ The word "Zouave" is generally and incorrectly pronounced as a word of two syllables. It should be spoken as if written *Zwave*, the *a* having the Italian sound as in "fau."

☞ A child of Mr. John Lindsey, of Hollidaysburg, aged about two years, was severely scalded, on Friday last, by upsetting a tin full of boiling starch upon itself. Its recovery is considered doubtful.

☞ The editor of the Baton Rouge *Gazette* has been presented with a rattlesnake fifteen feet long, and having thity-seven rattles on his tail. How touching the sentiment that inspired such a gift.

☞ The editor of the *Portland Courier* says, that in that city, on the morning of July 18th, at least 30,000 sinners had their faces turned heavenward, not, it is to be regretted, in a spirit of penitence, but *to see the eclipse*.

WHEAT CROP IN WISCONSIN.—The Wisconsin papers speak in glowing terms of the wheat crop, and, upon the authority of the dealers, claim that the State will produce 20,000,000 bushels.

☞ A young man named Wm. K. Ewing, was severely injured at Newton Hamilton, on Tuesday of last week, by being struck on the head with a stone thrown by a young fellow named Garrity. No hopes are entertained of his recovery.

☞ Wesley Hann, the fat man of German valley, Morris co., N. J., was burried on the 27th of June. He was a middle-aged man, and weighed about 600 pounds. It took 910 feet of lumber to make his coffin. He leaves a wife weighing about 500 lbs, and of very large size.

☞ Venus became the morning star on the 18th inst., and will be up bright and early in the morning, as all ladies should be, the rest of 1860. Mars, which was the morning star until then, will for a time stay up o'nights to do a little "sparkin," and be the evening star.

☞ A few days since a woman died in Philadelphia, 107 years of age, and on the day of her funeral there were present five brothers and sisters, the youngest being 90 years of age, and the eldest 111 years. A sight like this has but seldom, if ever, been witnessed in this or any other country.

☞ The total value of articles exported from Charleston, S. C., during the three months ending June 20th, amounts to $4,960,300, of which England took $3,056,824, and France $558, 623. The value of the imports received at the same time amounts to $330, 723.

☞ James Thompson, convicted at the April sessions, in this county, of adultery, and sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and undergo an imprisonment of 6 months in the county jail, was pardoned out on Tuesday last, by Gov. Packer.—His pardon was procured through his counsel, Col. L. W. Hall.

☞ A girl, whose name is not given, was bitten by a rattlesnake near Millville, Cambria county, last week, and died next day from the effects of the bite. Five young men while out berrying, near the old tunnel, in the same county, on Sunday, were all bitten in the same way—one of them so badly that he died the following morning.

☞ It has been tested and proved correct, that spirits of turpentine will cure the bite of a snake. The bottle containing the turpentine should be inverted over the wound and held there until relief is obtained. A complete alleviation of pain has been known to ensue in less than fifteen minutes.

☞ "May it please your honor," said a lawyer addressing one of the city judges, "I brought the prisoner from jail on a habeas corpus." "Well," said a fellow in an under tone, who stood in the rear of the court, "these lawyers will say anything, I saw the man get out of a cab at the court door."

☞ An unfeeling fellow threw his dog into the Niagara River, near Goat Island bridge, the other day, to test the question whether it was possible for animals to be carried over the falls and escape alive, and immediately afterward went to the foot of the ferry stairs and found the dog but little injured by the tremendous leap. The experiment was tried to convince some incredulous person.

MARRIED.

On the 26th ult., at the Methodist Parsonage, by Rev. S. Creighton, Mr. JOHN BRADY, of Huntingdon county, (formerly of this place,) to Miss MARY JANE GEIST, of this place.

DIED.

In Hollidaysburg, on Thursday evening last, JOSHUA W. MCCORD, after a lingering illness, aged 52 years and 5 months.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING

in the Post Office at Altoona, Pa., August 1, 1860.

Burger, John	Hamilton, Maggie
Brunker, Thomas	James, Thos.
Bartlebaugh, S. W.	Jenkins, Isaac 3
Black, Dan't	Jenkins, C. S.
Bennett, Jos. M. 2	Kunsman, L.
Baker, Josiah	Mulligan, James
Black, Mary	Middleton, John
Beam, Theodore M.	McCormick, Moses
Blair & Co.	McGarvey, Wm.
Beals, Sarah	McDevitt, Charlotte
Chaffee, James	McIntire, Jane
Cullen, Bart	Nichodemus, C.
Clark, Ellen	Pickels, Lewis
Clark, Isaac J.	Pritchard, Thos. 2
Claren & Co.	Pecht, Isabella
Delaney, Pat'k	Shaw, Charlotte
Diamond, Mary M.	Schmith, Jacob
Davey, Thos.	Sincob, Dan'l
Fabian, John	Soulard, B. A. 3
Farrell, Judson	Schenerman, F.
Fox, Stewart	Shoemaker, P. R.
Geesey, M. A.	Stewart, Edward
Grimes, Wm. H.	Summerlin, Elizabeth
Grady, Pat'k	Talor, George
Glasgow, Sarah	Tunker, Rev. Bishop
Garber, John J. 2	White, J. S.
Hawk, Mary Ann	Wimer, Edward
Hogan, Annie	Williams, J. B.
Harmer, Martin	Weakland, A. J.
Hartman, A.	Wohrle, Geo.
Hensler, A.	

Persons calling for letters on this list will please say they are advertised. JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

Aug. 2, 1860.

BOARDERS WANTED.—A few more young men can be accommodated with boarding, if application be made soon, to Dr. Vickroy, on Emma street, near the Methodist Church. No expense has been spared to make the house comfortable for a first-class boarding house. Boarders occupying the attic, which is well finished, will be charged less than usual rates.

July 26th, 1860.

NOTICE.—AN EXAMINATION OF Teachers for Altoona School District will be held in the East Ward School House, on *Saturday, the eleventh day of August*, 1860, commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

H. C. DERN, *Sec'y.*

July 19, 1860.-3t.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES BY THE BBL., and COFFEE BY THE BAG, for sale Wholesale at Phila. prices, freight only added.

Jan. 26, 1860. C. JAGGARD.

FOR SALE BY F. G. FRANCISCUS, LEWISTOWN, MIFFLIN CO., PA.

GUM and Hemp Packing, gum belting, carpet hammers and tacks, carpet stretchers, new articles, very good; carpet fasteners.

Tinned horse and curry cards, turning forks, cork screws, Ball Rings, copper and steel, Ball Lead Clasps, Plated and Brass Hooks and Eyes, Steel Key Rings,

Brass and Japanned Shutter Bars, Brass and Iron Shutter Bolts, Barn door Rollers, Barn door Rail, Taper Bitts, Files, Vices, Bellows, Borax, Steel, &c., all of the best makers. 100 Rifle Barrels—single, from $1,75 to $5,00 each.

24 Match Barrels, single and double Breechers, Breakoffs, Chargers, Reams, Cocks; rough, polished and engraved, Springs of all kinds Guard and Belt pieces, German silver Ornaments, Double Triggers, Ram Rod Caps, iron and brass; brass and iron Sights, Brass Boxes, new pattern; Bullet Moulds; Gun Locks, Gun Worms, Thimbles, &c.; Elly's Percussion Caps, Gunmakers, Trimmings of all kinds at unprecedented low prices. Copper and brass Preserving Kettles,

Brass and Tin Wash Pans.

For sale by F. G. FRANCISCUS.

GILT Window Paper Shades of every price and style, from 6¼ per window up to $1,50, for sale by F. G. FRANCISCUS.

THE best green and buff window curtain stuff, 24, 36, 40, 44 inches wide, just received and for sale by F. G. FRANCISCUS.

VENETIAN Blind trimmings of all kinds and qualities for sale by F. G. FRANCISCUS.

TINMEN'S tools for sale *here* at Philadelphia prices by F. G. FRANCISCUS.

TIN plates, Ic at $9,75, tin plates, Ix at $11,50. Box tin, solder, sheet-iron, &c., at the very lowest prices, by F. G. FRANCISCUS.

WRAPPING paper—50 bundles of all sizes and quality, for sale by F. G. FRANCISCUS.

MERCHANTS supplied with all kinds of tin and sheet iron ware, at very low rates—made and for sale by F. G. FRANCISCUS.

WALL-PAPER, Window paper, &c. Wishing to close up our wall paper business, we will sell our present large and beautiful assortment of wall and window paper at cost. F. G. FRANCISCUS.

GREAT REDUCTION in the prices of cooking stoves! From this date our prices for cooking stoves will be, for cash:

For No. 6—$14 00
" 7— 16 00.
" 8— 18 00.
" 9— 22 00,

complete with hollow ware, tin ware, pipe and bake pans. Our assortment is large embracing the Globe, Sea Shell, Royal Cook, Pennsylvania, Hope, National, Daylight and William Penn Gas Burners. All kinds of stove, tin and sheet iron ware, iron and tin tea kettles, round pans, long pans, tin wash boilers, tin or copper bottoms, &c., for sale by F. G. FRANCISCUS.

Altoona, July 26, 1860.

SHOE-FINDINGS.—JUST RECEIVED a good assortment of Shoe-Findings, of all descriptions, which we will sell at low prices for cash.

July 19, 1860. STEWART & THOMPSON.

SHOE LEATHER.—We have just received a good stock of the best Red and Oak Sole Leather. We have also a good assortment of Goat and French Moroccos, French and Country Calf Skins, Uppers, Kips, Linings, Bindings, &c., all of which we will at low prices and warrant to give satisfaction.

Please call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget place—two doors below the Post Office.

July 19, 1860. STEWART & THOMPSON.

STILL IN THE FIELD!

Having understood that the report is being circulated that I had quit the BUTCHERING BUSINESS in Altoona, I take this method of informing my old customers and the public generally that I am still carrying on business at my old stand, where I am prepared to serve one and all with BEEF, VEAL, PORK, MUTTON, SAUSAGES, PUDDINGS, &c., equal, if not superior, to any in the market. I have made arrangements for procuring the very best of stock with which to furnish the market, an abundant supply of which will always be kept on hand to meet the wants of the public. Those in want of anything in the meat way are respectfully invited to call at the old stand.

May10,'60-3m. W. K. LEONARD.

IMPROVED LIGHTNING RODS.—The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of this place and the surrounding country that he is manufacturing and putting up modern Improved Lightning Rods in Altoona, at the lowest prices. Executing the work himself, and employing no hands, he feels satisfied his work will please. The Rods are put up on correct scientific principles, and cased with the celebrated McALLISTER PLATINA POINT. The Points are warranted not to corrode, and will bear testing in any manner. Repairing and Pointing done on low terms. The work is done in the most neat and workmanlike manner. Address all orders to

June 21, 1860. JACOB H. MYERS.

RAIL ROAD LANDS FOR SALE, *ON LONG CREDIT*, AND AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST

THE HANIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY, having over 600,000 ACRES of LAND lying in the State of Missouri, which was granted, by Act of Congress, to aid in the construction of their Road, offer the principal portion thereof, for sale, on the most liberal terms.

The greater part of these lands are within six, and all within fifteen miles of the Railroad, which is now completed, and open for use throughout its entire length (206 miles,) and runs through a country which is unsurpassed by any in the salubrity of its climate, the fertility of its soil, and the extent of its mineral resources.

For further information, apply at the Land office of the Company, or address by letter, JOSIAH HUNT, Land Commissioner, H. & St. Jo. R. R.

Hannibal, Mo. Feb. 2, '60.-1y.*

LITERARY EMPORIUM, NEWS DEPOT, CONFECTIONARY, SEGAR, TOBACCO & GENERAL VARIETY STORE.—The subscriber continues to keep constantly on hand all the best literary papers and periodicals, daily papers from Philadelphia, New York and Pittsburgh, together with a good assortment of Books. All the School Books used in this place and vicinity always on hand.

Also, a choice lot of Confectionaries, and knick knacks of all kinds for children. Also the best Tobacco & Segars to be had in town, together with a fine assortment of Gold and Silver Pencils, Gold Rings and other articles of Jewelry. Call and examine. H. FETTINGER.

Altoona, July 26, '60-1y. *No. 1 Altoona House.*

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of CHARLES BOYER, late of Logan township, Blair county, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, residing as aforesaid. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

June 21, 1860.-6t CAROLINE BOYER, *Adm'x.*

American Life Insurance and Trust Co. Capital Stock, $500,000.

Company Building, Walnut St., S. E. corner of Fourth Phila.

B. F. ROSE, AGENT, ALTOONA, LIFE INSURANCE AT THE USUAL MUTUAL RATES, OR AT JOINT STOCK RATES, AT ABOUT 20 PER CENT. LESS, OR AT TOTAL ABSTINANCE RATES, THE LOWEST IN THE WORLD. A. WHILLDIN, *Pres't.*

J. C. SIMMS, *Sec'y.* [Oct. 27th, 1859-1y.

HOUSE AND LOT AT PRIVATE SALE.—The Gate-House and Lot belonging to the ALTOONA AND HOLLIDAYSBURG PLANK ROAD CO., situate ½ mile from Altoona, is offered at Private Sale. For terms and further particulars inquire of JOSEPH DYSART, President of the Company. [April 26, 1860.-tf.

J. G. ADLUM, NOTARY PUBLIC. ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman. October 1, 1857.

FOR SALE.—A HOUSE AND LOT, desirably located in the Borough of Altoona. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.

Altoona, Feb. 9, 1860.-tf.

CALL AT THE NEW FLOUR, PROVISION, FEED AND VARIETY STORE, in the old Post Office building, and examine the stock and prices.

Feb. 23, 1860.-tf.

BOARDING.—A FEW GENTEEL Boarders will find comfortable accommodations at the new House, corner of Virginia and Clara Streets, West Altoona, if application be made soon. M. J. MOORE.

Altoona, July 12th, 1860.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW, AN EXPERIENCED NURSE AND FEMALE PHYSICIAN, presents to the attention of mothers her

SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums reducing all inflammation will allay pain and spasmodic action, and is *sure to regulate the Bowels.*

Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and *Relief and Health to your Infants.*

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed, in a single instance, to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after ten years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in *thousands of cases.*

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve *Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic*, and overcome convulsions, which, if not *speedily* remedied, end in death. We believe it the *best* and *surest remedy* in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.—We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world, and by G. W. Kessler and A. Roush, druggists, Altoona. Price 25 cents per bottle.

☞ Principal Office, No. 13 Cedar street, N. Y.

July 12, 1860.-1y.

THE ONLY PREPARATION

Having Proofs so strong and direct as to

EXPEL THE DOUBTS OF ALL.

For Statesmen, Judges, Editors, Physicians of the oldest schools as well as new, give it their unqualified sanction, and recommend it for all cases of eruptions, and diseases of the scalp and brain; but all who have used it, unite in testifying that it will preserve the hair from being gray, and from falling to any age, as well as restore. Read the following:—

Oak Grove, S. C. June 24th, 1859.

PROF. O. J. WOOD: Dear Sir:—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. I have had occasion to lay prejudice aside, and I give your Hair Restorative a perfect test:—

During the year 1854, I was so unfortunate as to be thrown from my sulky against a rock near the road-side, from which my head received a most terrible blow; causing a great deal of irritation, which communicated to the brain and external surface of the head, from the effects of which my hair was finally destroyed over the entire surface of the head. From the time I first discovered its dropping, however, up to the time of its total disappearance, I employed everything I could think of, being a professional man myself, and, as I thought, understanding the nature of the disease, but was finally defeated in every prescription advanced.

These and no other circumstances induced me to resort to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have every reason to believe, produced a very happy result; two months after the first application, I had a beautiful a head of young hair as I ever saw, for which I certainly owe you my most sincere thanks. Rest assured, dear sir, I shall recommend your remedy to all inquirers; moreover, I shall use my influence, which I flatter myself to say, is not a little.

You can publish this if you think proper.

Yours, very respectfully, M. J. WRIGHT, M. D.

Office of the Jeffersonian, Philippi, Va., Dec. 12th, 1858.

Dear sir:—I feel it my duty as well as my pleasure, to state to you the following circumstance, which you can use as you think proper. A gentleman of this place, (a lawyer,) has been bald ever since his early youth; so much so, that he was compelled to wear a wig. He was induced to use a bottle of your "Hair Restorative," which he liked very much; and after using some two or three bottles his hair grew out quite luxuriantly, and he now has a handsome head of hair. The gentleman's name is Bradford, and as he is very well known in our adjoining counties, many persons can testify to the truth of this statement; I give it to you at the request of Mr. Bradford. You can sell a great deal of your Hair Restorative in this and the adjoining counties if you have the proper agents. Yours, &c.,

THOMPSON SUBLETTE.

DR. WOOD: Dear Sir: Permit me to express the obligations I am under for the entire restoration of my hair to its original color; about the time of my arrival in the United States it was rapidly becoming gray, but upon the application of your "Hair Restorative" it soon recovered its original hue. I consider your Restorative as a very wonderful invention, quite efficacious as well as agreeable.

S. THALBERG.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium, and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for $3.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by G. W. Kessler, Altoona, and by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

March 1, '60—1y

PICTURES FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS!
PICTURES FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS!
PICTURES FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS!
PICTURES FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS!
PICTURES FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS!
PICTURES FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS!

AT THE

PEOPLE'S GALLERY,
PEOPLE'S GALLERY,
PEOPLE'S GALLERY,
PEOPLE'S GALLERY,
PEOPLE'S GALLERY,

Corner of Caroline and Virginia Streets, Figart's building, Altoona, July 12, 1860.-3m.

GROCERY, PROVISION, AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA, SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES,

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.

July 12, 1860.-3m. J. BERKOWITZ.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—The undersigned purposing changing his location, offers for sale his Real Estate in the Boroughs of Hollidaysburg and Duncansville, &c., including his private residence, which is one of the first class properties in Blair county. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber either at Hollidaysburg or Altoona.

Jan. 12, 1860.-tf J. D. LEET.

LYCOMING COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

Jan. 3, '59-tf JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

Altoona, Sept. 30, 1858.-tf

FLOUR.—THE BEST QUALITY OF FAMILY FLOUR for sale, Wholesale and Retail.—Apply to J. SHOEMAKER, Masonic Temple.

Dec. 11, 1856-tf.

LUMBER FOR SALE.

60,000 SHINGLES, 50,000 LATHES, and all kinds of BUILDING MATERIALS, lower than the lowest, for Cash. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS just received and for sale by J. B. HILEMAN.

Oct. 15-tf

QUEENSWARE, JUST RECEIVED. A large and fashionable assortment at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

BŒRHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS

THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR

DYSPEPSIA, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS, LIVER COMPLAINT, WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND, FEVER AND ACUE,

And the various affections consequent upon a disordered

STOMACH OR LIVER,

Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Colicky Pains, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Despondency, Costiveness, Bilious and Bleeding Piles. In all Nervous, Rheumatic, and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhave. Its reputation at home produced its introduction here, the demand commencing with those of the Fatherland scattered over the face of this mighty country, many of whom brought with them and handed down the tradition of its value. *It is now offered to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.*

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Generally instantaneous in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve, raising up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor in the system.

NOTICE.—Whoever expects to find this a beverage will be disappointed; but to the sick, weak and low spirited, it will prove a grateful aromatic cordial, possessed of singular remedial properties.

READ CAREFULLY!

The Genuine highly concentrated Boerhave's Holland Bitters is put up in half-pint bottles only, and retailed at ONE DOLLAR per bottle, or six bottles for FIVE DOLLARS. The great demand for this truly celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing.

☞ Beware of Imposition. See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

Sold by Druggists generally. It can be forwarded by Express to most points.

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

BENJAMIN PAGE, JR. & CO. MANUFACTURING Pharmaceutists and Chemists, PITTSBURGH, PA.

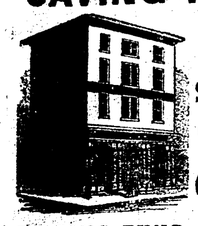
For sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona. April 19, 1860-1amly.

LANDS! LANDS!! LANDS!!! The undersigned is prepared to locate LAND WARRANTS in the Omaha and Nebraska City Land Offices. Good selections can now be made near the large streams and settlements. The Lands of this Territory, now in Market, are of the best quality.

☞ Selections carefully made. Letters of inquiry requested. ALEX. F. McKINNEY, Orrapolis, Cass County, N. Ter.

July 14,

SAVING FUND.



National SAFETY TRUST Company.

SAVING FUND.—NATIONAL SAFETY TRUST COMPANY.—CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

RULES.

1. Money is received every day, and in any amount, large or small.

2. FIVE PER CENT. interest is paid for money from the day it is put in.

3. The money is always paid back in GOLD, whenever it is called for, and without notice.

4. Money is received from *Executors, Administrators, Guardians*, and others who desire to have it in a place of perfect safety, and where interest can be obtained for it.

5. The money received from depositors is invested in REAL ESTATE, MORTGAGES, GROUND RENTS, and such other first class securities as the Charter directs.

6. Office Hours—Every day from 9 till 5 o'clock, and on Mondays and Thursdays till 8 o'clock in the evening.

HON. H. L. BENNER, President.
ROBERT SELFRIDGE, Vice President.
W. J. REED, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

HENRY L. BENNER,	FRANCIS LEE,
EDWARD L. CARTER,	F. CARROLL BREWSTER,
ROBERT SELFRIDGE,	JOSEPH B. BARRY,
SAMUEL K. ASHTON,	JOSEPH YERKES,
C. LANDRETH MUENS,	HENRY DIFFENDERFER.

Office: Walnut Street, S. W. Corner of Third St. Philadelphia. April 14th, '59–1y.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD respectfully inform his old customers and the public generally that he has just received a LARGE and HANDSOME assortment of

CLOTHS,
AND
Cassimeres,
VESTINGS,

which he is now offering for sale, and is prepared to make them up in the latest style & manner, as GOOD but are employed, and be warranted to fit. He has also a good assortment of FURNISHING GOODS. such as SHIRTS, COLLARS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Stocks, Suspenders, Hosiery, &c., &c.; also a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, all of which he is determined to sell as cheap as they can be bought this side of Philadelphia. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock, as I shall take pleasure in showing them. Doors open at all times from 6 A. M. until 9 P. M. Admittance free.

May 5, 1859–tf THOMAS ELWAY.

GREAT OPENING OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

J. B. HILEMAN HAS JUST RECEIVED and opened at his old stand, on Virginia st., a large and attractive assortment of seasonable goods, comprising all the novelties in

FRENCH, DUCALS, LAWNS, GINGHAMS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, HOSIERY & GLOVES, and all varieties and textures of *LADIES DRESS GOODS*, together with a full assortment of goods for gentlemen's wear, such as Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

Also a full stock of Hardware, Queensware and

GROCERIES,

and an assortment of

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITORS, &C.,

of all sizes and styles, which equal to any in the market, and will be sold at fair prices.

Having recently enlarged my store-room, I can now display my largely increased stock to better advantage and would respectfully invite everybody to call.

May 12, 1859.

Stoves, Tin & Sheet Iron Ware,
SPOUTING, &C.

JAS. W. RIGG WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves*, of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

HEENAN AND SAYERS!

JESSE SMITH,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just arrived from the city with a large and splendid stock of

HATS AND CAPS, OF ALL STYLES,

For Spring and Summer Wear,

of every color and shape. Also, a good assortment of

Misses and Children's Flats,
MEN AND BOYS' STRAW HATS,

of different varieties, all of which will be sold

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Persons in want of anything in the above line, will please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to sell at the very lowest possible prices.

Store on Virginia street, opposite the Lutheran church.

Altoona, May 3, 1860-tf. JESSE SMITH.

SAMUEL EWART. WM. H. GOMRLY. WM. CUREY

W. M. GOMRLY & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, BACON, MESS PORK, DRIED BEEF,
SUGAR-CURED HAMS, CHEESE,
IRON, NAILS, GLASS, &c., &c.
NO. 271 LIBERTY STREET,
OPPOSITE EAGLE HOTEL,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

May 10, 1860–6m.

THE GREAT QUESTION WHICH now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money? In regard to other matters, the subscriber would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of

BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work.

He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work, all of which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed

Remember my shop is on Virginia street, immediately opposite Kessler's Drug Store.

September 3, '57–tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

AT THE OLD STAND!!

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INform the public that he has just received from the city a splendid assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING, which he will make to order on short notice and reasonable terms, and warrants to give satisfaction. Persons in want of anything in his line can rely upon being fairly dealt with. JOHN O'DONNEL.

☞ Shop on Main St., a few doors below the "Red Lion Hotel." [May 24, 1860.

MORE LIGHT! MORE LIGHT! Just arrived at the store of A. Roush, a splendid lot of a No. 1, Carbon Oil, which he will sell at 31 cts per quart; also a lot of Carbon Oil Lamps of Jones Patent which are warranted to be superior to any other kind.

Altoona, Nov. 24, '59–tf.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERvers for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S

GLASS 8x10 TO 20x24, AND CUT to order by G. W. KESSLER.

WOOD, EDDY & CO.'S LOTTERIES,

AUTHORIZED BY THE STATES OF

DELAWARE, MISSOURI AND KENTUCKY.

Draw daily, in public, under the superintendence of Sworn Commissioners.

☞ The Managers' Offices are located at Wilmington, Delaware, and St. Louis, Missouri.

Prizes vary from $2 to $100,000!

TICKETS FROM $2 TO $20!

☞ Circulars, giving full Explanation and the Schemes to be drawn, will be sent, free of expense, by addressing

WOOD, EDDY & CO., St. Louis, Mo.
or,
WOOD, EDDY & CO., Wilmington, Delaware.

January 5, 1860–1y

GOOD NEWS!
The Train has Arrived!

J. B. HILEMAN HAS JUST RETURNED from the city with a large and carefully selected stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

which he is determined to sell cheap, consisting in part of Black and Fancy SILKS, Bombazines, Delaines, Calicoes, Flannels, Ginghams, Muslins, White Goods, SHAWLS, &c. Also, MEN'S WEAR of all descriptions, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Tweeds, Jeans, Cord Drillings, Vestings, &c., &c.

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters.

A large assortment of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, for Ladies, Gents and Misses, of all prices, sizes and qualities.

Also, a large assortment of QUEENSWARE and HARDWARE, Single and Double Carpet Chain, Fleece Cotton, CARPETS, &c.

GROCERIES:

This department is supplied with the very choicest articles that can be had in market, and as cheap as can be had anywhere, consisting in part of prime RIO COFFEE, SUGAR, all kinds and prices; Syrup and Molasses, Black and Green Teas, Rice, Spices, Tobacco and Segars; Starch, Corn Starch, Cheese, Ginger, Candles, Mustard, Oils, Turpentine, FISH, &c., &c.

Thankful for past favors, he hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

☞ All kinds of Country Produce taken in Exchange for Goods. J. B. HILEMAN.

April 26, 1860.

MILLINERY AND TRIMMIMG STORE.—MISS JENNIE SCOTT respectfully announces to the ladies of Altoona and vicinity that she is now prepared to supply all their wants in the Millinery and Trimming line. She has on hand an excellent assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER BONNETS,
STRAW AND LACE GOODS,
FLOWERS & RUCHES,
RIBBANDS AND TRIMMINGS,

to which she invites the attention of the ladies.

She has also one of Mrs. C. C. Dow's patent

HAT AND BONNET PRESSING MACHINE,

and is therefore enabled to do work in this line in a superior manner, on short notice, and at reasonable prices. She invites a call. [April 12, 1860.-tf.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.–1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by Special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

Medical Advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.) and in cases of extreme poverty, Medicines furnished free of charge.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhœa, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLON HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *Pres't.*
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Sec'y.* [Jan. 19, '60.-1y

GLENN'S
ONE PRICE HAT AND CAP STORE,
(CORNER OF THE FIVE STORY BLOCK.)
North West Corner of Eighth and Race Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY invited to bear in mind that at this Store may be found an assortment of fashionable and handsome

Moleskin Dress Hats, Soft Hats,

High, Low and Medium Depth Crown, Cloth and Glazed Caps, Plush and Plush Trimmed Caps for Men and Boys, Fancy Hats and Caps for Children, at Fair Prices.

☞ NO TWO PRICES FOR REGULAR GOODS. ☜
Jan. 12, 1860.-1y

RED LION HOTEL,
ALTOONA, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.

This old established and popular HOTEL, located nearly opposite the place of stopping the passenger cars in Altoona, has passed into the hands of the present proprietor. Long experience in the business warrants me in assuring the travelling public that no pains will be spared to render guests as comfortable as possible while sojourning under my roof.

The TABLE will constantly be supplied with the very best the market affords.

The BAR will be found to contain an excellent assortment of LIQUORS of all kinds, including that choice beverage *LAGER BEER.*

The STABLE is in charge of an excellent and experienced Ostler.

The proprietor hopes, by his long experience in the busines and the facilities at his command, to make the Red Lion, in all respects, a first class Hotel. The business of the Hotel will be under my own personal supervision. A liberal share of public patronage is kindly solicited.

JOHN W. SCHWEIGERT, *Proprietor.*

May 19, 1859.–tf

NEW GROCERY FEED AND PROVISION STORE.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has opened a store of the above kind, near the corner of Adaline and Julia streets, East Altoona, where he will keep constantly on hand a full supply of everything in his line. His

GROCERIES

are all fresh and will be sold at prices as low as those of any other establishment in town. His stock of provisions, consisting of

Flour, Hams, Shoulders, Side &c.

will be sold a little cheaper than they can be bought any where else. His Flour is obtained from the best mills in the Western part of the State, and is warranted to be what it is represented.

All kinds of Feed for horses, cows and hogs, always on hand.

I intend to keep such an assortment that I shall at all times be able to supply my customers with whatever they may need, and I intend also to sell at prices which will make it a saving to those who patronize my store.

July 22, 1858-3m. HENRY BELL.

MEDICATED FUR CHEST PROTECTOR, A SAFE SHIELD AGAINST THOSE fearful diseases Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and other affections of the Lugs, which arise from the exposed state of the chest, *according to fashion* and the continual changes of our Climate, for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry in ground oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S

BLANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS kept and expediciously executed at this office.

Iron City College

Cheapest! Best! Largest!!

$35.00

Pays for Tuition in Single and Double Entry Book-Keeping, Writing, Commercial Arithmetic and Lectures.

Board 8 Weeks $20, Stationery $7, Tuition $35, entire Expenses $62.

Usual time to complete a full course, from 6 to 10 weeks Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed to be competent to manage the Books of any Business and qualified to earn a salary of from

$500 to $1,000.

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

First Premiums for Best Business Writing for 1859 received at Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Ohio State Fairs. Also, at the principal Fairs of the Union for the past four years.

☞ Ministers Sons received at half price.

For full information. Circular, Specimens of Business and Ornamental Writing and Embellished View of the College, enclose five letter stamps to F. W. JENKINS.

Sept. 22, 1859.—1y Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! AT
R. A. O. KERR'S.

R. A. O. Kerr has just received the largest, most fashionable and best selected stock of Goods in the market, consisting of an endless variety of goods for men and boys' wear.

The largest and best assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods in town, consisting of black and fancy Silks, all Wool Delaines, Alpacas, Challie Delaines, plain and figured Bratze, Lawns, Ginghams, Ducals, Lavella Cloths, De Barge, Traveling Dress Goods, and a beautiful assortment of Prints, &c. Also, Pickings, Checks, Muslins—Black and Unbleached, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeen, &c.

Also, a large assortment of Ladies' Collars, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Gauntlets, Mitts, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, Barred and Plain Jaconet, Swiss Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Mill Muslins, Swiss and Cambric Edging, Dimity Bands, Velvet Ribbons, &c. Also, a fine assortment of

SPRING SHAWLS,
AND
Ladies' Black Silk Summer Cloaks,
Neat and Beautiful,

Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,

Hardware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Groceries, Salt and Fish. Also, the Largest and Best Assortment of Fancy

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS

in town, which will be sold cheap.

Call and examine my goods, and you will be convinced that I have the best assortment and cheapest goods in the market.

The Celebrated Bereea Grind Stones, always on hand.

Hams, Shoulders, Dried Beef, &c.

☞ Country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market price. R. A. O. KERR.

April 26, '60.

The Latest from the East ! !

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE "MODEL STORE," corner of Annie and Virginia Streets, take pleasure in informing the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have received their first stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

to which they respectfully invite the attention of all, and particularly the ladies, feeling confident that our present Stock of Goods is well worth an examination, and believing also that we have bought them on such terms as will enable us to offer inducements to purchasers. Our stock of Dry Goods is large and varied, comprising all the newest styles of

Prints, Delaines, Delages, Lavellas, Poil de Cherres, Ginghams, Ducals, Ch. Mire, Travelling Mixtures, Black and Fancy Silks, together with a full line of Domestics. We have a large assortment of Notions and Fancy articles, such as Gloves, Hosiery, Mitts, &c., &c.

Our stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

is unusually large and very cheap. In these goods we can not be beat by any one either in quality or price, for proof of which please call and see goods and prices.

We would invite attention to our large stock of CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WALL PAPER AND BORDER, which we are able to sell at greatly reduced prices. We have also a good assortment of HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, WOODEN AND WILLOW-WARE, GROCERIES.

Being truly thankful for the patronage heretofore received from the public, we cordially invite our friends to call and see us again, hoping that the benefit may be mutual.

Apr. 12, 1860. J. & J. LOWTHER.

MARRIAGE GUIDE—BEING A private instructor for married persons, or those about to be married both male and female, in everything concerning the physiology and relations of our system, and the production or prevention offspring, including all the new discoveries never before given in the English language, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable and interesting work. It is written in plain language for the general reader, and is illustrated with numerous Engravings.—All young married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impediment to married life, should read this book. It discloses secrets that every one should be acquainted with; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or in postage stamps Address DR. WM. YOUNG, No. 416 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ AFFLICTED AND UNFORTUNATE—No matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any one of the notorious quacks—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of either of Dr. Young's Books, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publications, at his Office, No. 416 Spruce St. above Fourth. [Apr. 12, '60.-1yeow.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19, 1858-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.—MESSRS. KEYS & WALSH respectfully announce to the public that they are prepared to do all kinds of

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, in a workmanlike manner and at low prices. They also keep constantly on hand and for sale, at lowest prices,

OIL, GLASS, PUTTY & PAINTERS' TOOLS;
ALSO, LOOKING GLASSES, STAINED & ENGRAVED WINDOW GLASS, LOOKING GLASS & PICTURE FRAMES, GILT AND ROSEWOOD MOULDINGS,
CARVED & ORNAMENTAL GILT FRAMES.

☞ All Orders left at A. Roush's Drug Store, Altoona, will receive prompt attention.

Shop on Montgomery street, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

April 5, 1860.-tf.

Bakery and Grocery Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER KEEPS CONstantly on hand

Fresh-Baked Bread, Cakes, &c.
FEED, BACON, FLOUR, GROCERIES,
Also, a choice lot of SEGARS and TOBACCO.
JACOB RINK,
Nov. 10. Virginia Street, below Annie Street.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by her, on the corner of Adaline and Julia streets, East Altoona. The House is a good Two-Story Frame Building, containing a Hall, Parlor, Dining-Room and Kitchen on the first floor, four good sleeping rooms on the second floor, & a finished Attic. The lot is in good order.

Persons wishing to view the premises and obtain further information will call upon the subscriber.

MARGT. M. McCRUM.

Altoona, Aug. 11th, 1859–tf.

ASTHMA. For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint use

FENDT'S
BRONCHIA CIGARETTES,

Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & CO., 107 Nassau St., N. Y. Price, $1 per box; sent free by post.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

March 29, 1860.-6m.

D^R. MOTT'S CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE PILLS OF IRON.

An aperient and stomachic preparation of Iron purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical Authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case.

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaints, Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of General Debility, whether the result of acute disease, or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible.—Invalids so long bed-ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from a protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested by female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and the complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise, for which the physician has no name.

In Nervous Affections of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and everheating; and gently, regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for *Piles*, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In Dyspepsia, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases, including the attendant *Costiveness.*

In unchecked Diarrhœa, even when advanced to Dysentery, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate Incipient Consumption, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

In Scrofulous Tuberculosis, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well-known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this *remedy* and *restorative*, in the cases peculiarly afflicting them.

In Rheumatism, both chronic and inflammatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating the pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In intermittent Fevers it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy, and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in flat metal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to

B. F. LOCKE & CO., GENERAL AGENTS,
20 Cedar St., New York.
July 19, 1860.-1y.

Cheap Goods! Cheap Goods!!
AT
McCORMICK'S STORE.

JUST ARRIVED, AND NOW BEING OPENED, a large stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, of all the late styles and qualities in the Eastern market. In the line of

LADIES' DRESS AND DOMESTIC GOODS,

we cannot be surpassed by any house in the place. Our stock of GROCERIES, such as

COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, SYRUPS, &c.,

are of the best kind, and all fresh.

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS. FLATS FOR LADIES AND MISSES,

together with as full assortment of

GENTLEMEN & BOYS' DRESS BOOTS, BOOTEES AND GAITERS.

In the Ladies' Department, are all the different and latest styles of

GAITERS, BOOTS, BUSKIN AND SLIPPERS.

together with a general assortment for Children & Misses, and a good and full stock of

GENTLEMENS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

for Spring and Summer. The largest assortment of

WALL PAPER

ever brought to the place, and being unprecedently low, from 6¼ up to 25 cents per roll, with BORDERING to match.

And as we purpose henceforth to give the business our especial attention, we will sell very low for cash or country produce, and will take in exchange, as usual, *Butter, Eggs, Lard, Tallow, Potatoes, Beeswax, &c.* Thankful for past patronage, we hope, by a strict adherence to business, to our old motto, "*Small profits and quick sales,*" to retain our customers' old and gain many new ones.

May 3, 1860.

PHILADELPHIA WATCH AND JEWELRY STORE.

O. CONRAD, FORMER OCCUPANT.
No. 148 N. 2d St., corner of Quarry St.

The undersigned has leased the above premises, where he will keep a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, of American, English and Swiss manufacture of the most celebrated makers, in addition to which will be found always on hand (and made to order) an extensive variety of Jewelry, Silver and Silver Plated ware, together with a general assortment of such goods as are usually kept in a first-class Watch and Jewelry Store.

The patrons of O. Conrad, and those of the subscriber, together with the public generally, are invited to call, and they will receive a good article for their money. As I am determined to do a cash business, goods will be sold very low. "*Small Profits and Quick Sales*" is the motto of this Establishment. LEWIS R. BROOMALL,
Formerly O. Conrad,
No. 148 N. Second St., cor. of Quarry, Philada.
June 7, 1860.-1y.

CONSUMPTION AND ASTHMA CURED.

DR. H. JAMES,

Discovered, while in the West Indies, a certain cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and General Debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die. His child was cured, and is now alive and well. Desirous of benefitting his fellow mortals, he will send to those who wish it, the recipe containing full directions for making and successfully using this remedy, free, on receipt of their names with stamp for return postage. When received, take it to G. W. Kessler, Druggist, Altoona. There is not a single symptom of Comsumption which it does not at once take hold of and dissipate. Night sweats, peevishness, irritation of the nerves, failure of memory, difficult expectoration, sharp pains in the lungs, sore throat, chilly sensations, nausea at the stomach, inaction of the bowels, wasting away of the muscles. Address O. P. BROWN & CO., 32 and 34 John St., New York.

March 8, 1860.-6m.*

De Forest, Armstrong & Co.,
DRY GOODS MERCHANTS,
80 & 82 Chambers St., N. Y.,

WOULD NOTIFY THE TRADE that they are opening Weekly, in new and beautiful patterns, the

WAMSUTTA PRINTS,
ALSO THE
AMOSKEAG,

A New Print, which excels every Print in the Country for perfection of execution and design in full Madder Colors. Our Prints are cheaper than any in market, and meeting with extensive sale. Orders promptly attended to.

Feb'y 2, 1860.-1y

PLANING MILL & SASH MANUFACTORY.—The subscriber would announce that he has removed his

Planing Mill and Sash Manufactory,

from Tipton to Altoona, where he will continue to fill orders and attend to all work entrusted to him, with despatch. The Mill is on the lot adjoining Allison's Steam Flouring Mill. THOS. McAULEY.

Altoona, Nov. 17, 1859.—tf

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.

March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of

Jan. 24, '56-tf] G. W. KESSLER.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses for sale at

1-tf KESSLER'S.

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at

KESSLER'S.

MARIA L. DE PEYSTER MEMORIAL SCHOOL.—This institution, which is located in Altoona, Blair County, Penn'a, will be opened on the 1st MONDAY in MAY. It is intended as a permanent School, and will connect with it a Male & Female Department. In the Male department, young men will be instructed with a view to their entering the advanced classes of our best Colleges; or, if desired, their education completed. In the Female department, instruction will be given in any, or all of the different branches, either *solid* or *ornamental*, taught in our best Female Seminaries.

The year will be divided into two Sessions of five months each—the Summer Session to commence on the 1st Monday of May, ending on the last Wednesday of September—the Winter Session to commence on the 1st Monday in November, ending on the last Wednesday of March. The Sessions will be divided into two quarters of eleven weeks each. Terms, per quarter, as follows—viz.:

SOLID BRANCHES.

Primary (including Reading, Writing, Orthography, Arithmetic, Grammar, and Geography, &c.)	$4,00
Advanced (Including the Natural Sciences, Mathematics, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Logic, the Languages and Composition &c.)	$5,00

EXTRA, OR ORNAMENTAL BRANCHES.

Music (Including use of instrument)	$10,00
Drawing,	$3,00
Painting (In water Colors)	3,00
Needle work,	2,00

Instructions in vocal music gratis. One half the above charges, to be paid invariably in advance.

R. W. OLIVER, *Superintendent Male Dep't.*
A. B. CLARK, " *Female* "
M. ——, *Principal, of Male* "
Miss C. M. CLARK, " *Female* "

March 10, 1859.–tf

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS
JOHN McKEAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK,
at the lowest possible prices. All work finished at this establishment warranted to give satisfaction.
Hollidaysburg, Dec. 30, 1858–tf.

NEW GROCERY AND LIQUOR STORE.—The undersigned would beg leave to announce to the citizens of Blair county and vicinity that he has opened his new Store *on Virginia street, three doors below the Superintendent's Office*, where he has just received from the East and West a large assortment of

Foreign and Domestic Liquors,

consisting as follows:

French Otard Brandy, Cognac Brandy, Peach Brandy, Cherry Brandy, Old Burgundy Wine, Old Port Wine, Jamaica Rum, Holland Gins Old Rye Whiskey, Monongahela Whiskey, and Rhine Wine,

which he has himself imported. Retailers of Liquors and Farmers will find it to their advantage to buy of him; as he will sell at CITY PRICES.

He will also keep constantly on hand an assortment of

GROCERIES,

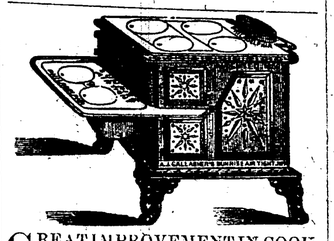
Such as Flour, Bacon, Salt, Fish, Tobacco, Segars, Syrup, Sugar, Coffee, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold cheap for cash or Country Produce.

Our friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

LOUIS PLACK.

Altoona, May 26, 1859.–tf



GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN COOKING STOVES.

CONSUMPTION OF SMOKE AND GAS AND SAVING OF FUEL.

The subscriber takes pleasure in offering to the public NEW GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING Cooking Stove, recently patented, which is destined to supercede all others, as it requires

ONE-THIRD LESS FUEL

than other stoves and is more easily, quickly and regularly heated. No unpleasant smell of gas arises from this stove from the fact that it is all consumed ere it can escape. There is no trouble from smoke or that unpleasant and often annoying exhalation is also consumed inside of the stove. Neither is there any danger of flues or chimneys becoming clogged with soot or the mortar loosened by the gas arising from coal fires.

Persons wishing to purchase stoves are invited to call at the store of the subscriber, in the Masonic Temple, and examine the above stoves. JOHN SHOEMAKER,
Sole Agent for Blair County.

N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor Cooking and Egg Stoves on hand. [Aug. 12, 1856.

THE GREEN BOOK. JUST PUBLISHED, 150 PAGES, PRICE 25 Cents; On Single and Married life; or, the Institution of Marriage; its Intent, Obligations, and Physical and Legal Disqualifications; the *rational* treatment of all private diseases in both sexes, &c. To which is added a poetical essay, entitled "*Callipaediae*;" or the art of having and rearing beautiful and healthy children, by the *late* ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, Esq., M. D.

Sent free of postage, by the Publishers, CHAS. KLINE & Co., Box 4586, New York, or *Dexter & Co.*, Wholesale agents 113 Nassau Street, New York. *Agents wanted everywhere.*

Also, GRATIS, an extract and sample of the above entitled: *Dr. Culverwell's Lecture* on the rational treatment of Spermatorrhœa and private diseases generally, detailing the means by which invalids may effectually cure themselves without the use of dangerous medicines, and at but little expense to themselves. Sent free by mail in a secure envelope, on the receipt of one stamp, to prepay postage, by addressing CHAS. KLINE & CO.,
Feb. 22, 1859. Box 4586, New York City.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to lift me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26–3m JACOB SNYDER.

BLAIR COUNTY DAGUERREAN ROOMS.—Mr. G. W. FISHER, the Hollidaysburg Artist, begs leave to inform our readers that he is prepared to take

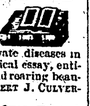
Photographs of deceased persons,

from Daguerreotypes, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. He has just received a large stock of durable and neat cases, of all sizes and styles, including a new pattern of Family Case for four persons, and is prepared to fill them with perfect likenesses.

AMBROTYPE, DAGUERREOTYPE OR PHOTOGRAPH.

Give him a call. Rooms on the corner of Montgomery and Allegheny streets, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [June 17-tf.

G. W. KESSLER—PRACTICAL DRUGGIST, respectfully announces to the citizens of Altoona and the public generally, that he still continues the Drug business, on Virginia street, where he keeps constantly on hand, for sale, Wholesale and Retail, DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, OILS, VARNISHES and DYE-STUFFS.



By strict attention to business, and a desire to render satisfaction to all as regards price and quality, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Physicians and merchants supplied on reasonable terms, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

PINE AND LARD OILS, CAMphene, Burning Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at

Jan. 3, '56-tf] KESSLER'S.

ON HAND AT McCORMICK'S Store —A splendid assortment of Ready-Made clothing. Call and see. Nov. 25,-tf.

HOSTETTER'S
STOMACH BITTERS.

IT is a fact that, at some period, every member of the human family is subject to disease or disturbance of the bodily functions; but, with the aid of a good t